## **FY 2023 FACT SHEET Intellectual Property Rights**



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U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) enforces Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) by seizing products that infringe IPR, such as trademarks, copyrights, and patents. The theft of intellectual property and trade in fake goods threaten the economic vitality and national security of the United States, as well as the health and safety of the American people. Trade in these illicit goods often funds criminal activities and organized crime.

To protect both industry and consumers, CBP has made IPR enforcement a priority trade issue. As a result, CBP has developed a multi-layered, strategic approach to IPR enforcement that includes efforts to educate and engage stakeholders to deter the importation of illicit goods and employs innovative approaches to enforce IPR laws at all ports of entry.

## **IPR Resources:**

For assistance regarding IPR enforcement, contact IPR help desk at: IPRHELPDESK@cbp.dhs.gov.

To request information on CBP's recordation program, please contact the IP Enforcement Branch at: IPRRQUESTIONS@cbp.dhs.gov.

To request information on CBP's e- Allegations program, please contact eallegations@cbp.dhs.gov.

For more information regarding Intellectual Property Rights, please visit: <u>https://www.cbp.gov/trade/priority-issues/ipr</u>.

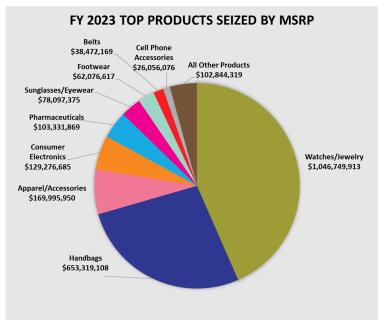
In Fiscal Year 2023, CBP seized 19,726 shipments

containing goods that violated Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), this equates to nearly 23 million counterfeit goods. The total manufacturer's suggested retail price (MSRP) of the seized goods, had they been genuine, was over \$2.4 billion (USD). Seizures of counterfeit goods from China and Hong Kong accounted for 46% of counterfeit seizures and 82% of the value of counterfeit seizures.

In addition to seizing goods at U.S. borders, CBP's IPR strategy includes expanding the border through post-import audits of companies that have been caught bringing fake goods into the United States, collaborating with foreign governments and multi-lateral organizations, and working closely with industry and partner government agencies. CBP also issues civil fines and, where appropriate, refers cases to other law enforcement agencies for criminal investigation.

CBP collaborates closely with Immigration and Customs Enforcement-Homeland Security Investigations (ICE- HSI) and 30 additional partners at the National Intellectual Property Rights Coordination Center to ensure that IPR border seizures representing criminal activities lead to investigations, arrests, and convictions.

Working with rights holders to use CBP's web-based tool to record their trademarks and copyrights with CBP is a priority. This program, known as the e-Recordation



program, makes information on protected rights available to CBP offices throughout the United States. CBP's e-Allegations program provides an electronic portal through which the public can report possible IPR violations and other suspected trade violations.

To help educate the public on the dangers of counterfeit goods, CBP hosts "The Truth Behind Counterfeits" public awareness campaign. For more information about this effort visit: <u>https://www.cbp.gov/trade/fakegoodsrealdangers</u>

