# Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee (COAC) Intelligent Enforcement Subcommittee Forced Labor Working Group

July 15, 2020



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### Report of the Work of the COAC Intelligent Enforcement Subcommittee - Forced Labor Working Group

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#### 1. Background:

The Forced Labor Working Group (FLWG) was initially established on July 13, 2016, and reestablished September 27, 2019, as part of the Intelligent Enforcement Subcommittee. The statement of work included four objectives related to 1.) Forced Labor Allegation; 2.) Meaningful CBP Form 28 to ascertain forced labor due diligence; 3.) Industry Collaboration and Leadership to address Forced Labor; and 4.) Statutory Guidance related to disclosure and mitigating factors.

During the last public COAC meeting held on April 15<sup>th</sup>, 2020, the FLWG provided several recommendations to CBP. The recommendations addressed objectives 1, 2, and 4. This report represents the work of the FLWG Industry Collaboration Subgroup.

This subgroup was expanded to ensure social compliance subject matter experts with diverse industry representation and civil society organizations (CSOs) are well represented in order to have a well-balanced perspective regarding Industry Collaboration. It includes members of CSOs and individuals managing corporate social responsibility programs at private sector companies representing apparel, agricultural, mass merchandising, ecommerce platforms and technology service providers. The subgroup held virtual bi-weekly calls to develop the work product and supporting recommendations.

#### 2. Introduction

Broad consensus exists across U.S. government, business, civil society, and elsewhere that all efforts should be pursued to prevent and remedy instances of forced labor, slavery, and human trafficking. While 19 USC 1307 is one of many tools that the U.S. Government has to meet such aims, enforcement of the law alone – without industry collaboration – will only go so far. A more holistic effort is needed where government partners with industry and civil society to enhance and improve information collection, prevention, enforcement, and remediation.

CBP has an obligation to enforce 19 USC 1307 as written. At the same time, CBP should work with business, civil society, and its interagency partners to assist industry in complying with this law and to mitigate against potential adverse impacts on workers. In particular, the application and enforcement of 19 USC 1307 should be aligned with pre-existing U.S. government-endorsed principles and resources to address and prevent adverse human rights impacts, including forced

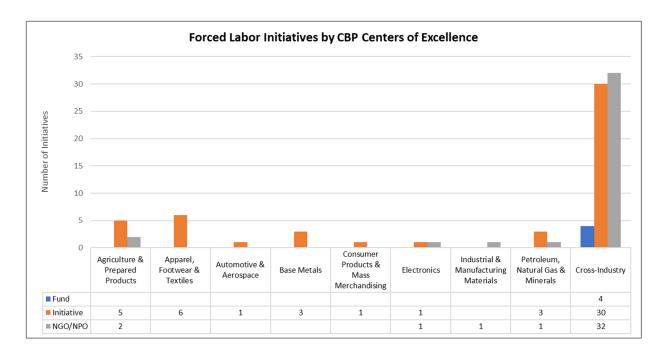
labor and human trafficking. We encourage CBP to work with its partners to support and promote, collaborative initiatives, internationally accepted guidelines, as well as best practices related to the identification, prevention, and remedy of instances of forced labor connected to U.S. imports. Furthermore, CBP can improve the impact of its enforcement actions and better achieve the law's aims by providing greater clarity on the criteria it uses to determine enforcement and by consistently applying that criteria.

#### 3. Collaborative Initiatives

Numerous collaborative initiatives, guidelines, and tools exist to support U.S. importers in the identification, prevention, and remedy of instances of forced labor that may be connected to their supply chains. Just as governments play a role in addressing forced labor by enforcing laws against the crime, U.S. importers should carry out due diligence to identify, prevent, mitigate and account for how they address adverse human rights impacts that the business enterprise may cause or contribute to through its own activities, or which may be directly linked to its operations, products or services by its business relationships. In so doing, importers should collaborate with different industry organizations, NGOs, persons with human rights expertise and affected communities and other stakeholders to help to combat such practices. Importers should also utilize tools to increase transparency and traceability within supply chains.

We recognize the responsibility under 19 USC 1307 to ensure that all goods entering the U.S. are neither produced wholly or in part by forced labor. The organizations, initiatives, and tools listed below represent a broad cross-section of efforts that support U.S. importers related to respecting human rights broadly and/or specifically related to forced labor. It must be noted, however, that membership in, support, or utilization of any of the following, does not guarantee that forced labor will, in fact, be prevented nor eradicated. Local issues of poverty, corruption, discrimination, education, and other socio-economic factors are the greatest determinants of whether and how forced labor can be prevented. Additionally, state-sponsored forced labor may be particularly resistant to elimination in the absence of top-level diplomatic and trade relationship interventions. Because of the wide range of these contributing factors, the industry has developed a variety of approaches, tools and resources to better address specific aspects of forced labor indicators.

The Modern Slavery Map is an interactive map of business and anti-human trafficking initiatives and organizations. This resource was created in collaboration by experts including Alliance 8.7, International Labour Organization (ILO) Global Business Network on Forced Labor, GBCAT, Respect, Babson College, Global Initiative Against Transnational Organized Crime, the International Organization for Migration and United Nations Global Impact. A full list is included in Appendix A, but a summary by Center of Excellence and Expertise (CEE), noting that there is a large portion that work across industries, identifies 50 unique initiatives and 37 active organizations working with businesses to address forced labor across the globe. These initiatives represent a wide variety of tools and resources for importers to leverage as a component(s) of a sophisticated risk-based due diligence program.



There are already a plethora of organizations and initiatives that support U.S. government, business, and civil society to identify, prevent, and mitigate human rights abuses, including forced labor. While there is potential opportunity for improvement in any of these, CBP is strongly encouraged to leverage these existing efforts for better collaboration.

#### 4. Best Practices

The most widely-endorsed set of principles related to identifying and addressing human rights issues, such as forced labor, is the <u>United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights</u><sup>1</sup> (UNGPs). The UNGPs are grounded in three pillars:

- a) "States' existing obligations to respect, protect and fulfil human rights and fundamental freedoms; [State duty to protect]
- b) The role of business enterprises as specialized organs of society performing specialized functions, required to comply with all applicable laws and to respect human rights; [Business responsibility to respect]
- c) The need for rights and obligations to be matched to appropriate and effective remedies when breached. [Access to remedy]"

U.S. government strongly endorsed these principles and references them frequently.

With respect to the Business Responsibility to Respect pillar, Principle 11 clearly outlines it is a global standard of expected conduct that businesses respect human rights, avoid infringing on the human rights of others, and address adverse human rights impact with which they are involved. Principle 11 further notes that "addressing adverse human rights impacts requires taking adequate measures for their prevention, mitigation and, where appropriate, remediation."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Publications/GuidingPrinciplesBusinessHR EN.pdf

While the responsibility of businesses to respect human rights is clear, the UNGPs are also clear that whether a business meets that responsibility depends on a range of factors. The UNGPs outline best practices for due diligence, but acknowledge that even when all tools are used, there may be limitations in what a business can reasonably know. These concepts should be taken into account when CBP implements enforcement and assignment of penalties of 19 USC 1307 in practice. For example, Principle 13 notes:

"The responsibility to respect human rights requires that business enterprises: (a) Avoid causing or contributing to adverse human rights impacts through their own activities, and address such impacts when they occur; (b) Seek to prevent or mitigate adverse human rights impacts that are directly linked to their operations, products or services by their business relationships, even if they have not contributed to those impacts."

Principle 13(b) relates to the supply chain context and is notable for the use of the words "seek to prevent or mitigate." The commentary for Principle 13 also provides helpful guidance on what constitutes "activities" and what constitutes "business relationships."

For the purpose of these Guiding Principles a business enterprise's "activities" are understood to include both actions and omissions; and its "business relationships" are understood to include relationships with business partners, entities in its value chain, and any other non-State or State entity directly linked to its business operations, products or services.

Principle 17 states that a business "should carry out human rights due diligence," which should cover "adverse human rights impacts that the business enterprise may cause or contribute to through its own activities, or which may be directly linked to its operations, products or services by its business relationships." At the same time, Principle 17 also notes that there may be limitations in what a business may be able to know and that appropriate human rights due diligence may not be expected for every single entity connected through business relationships.

"Where business enterprises have large numbers of entities in their value chains it may be unreasonably difficult to conduct due diligence for adverse human rights impacts across them all. If so, business enterprises should identify general areas where the risk of adverse human rights impacts is most significant, whether due to certain suppliers' or clients' operating context, the particular operations, products or services involved, or other relevant considerations, and prioritize these for human rights due diligence."

Given the above acknowledgement, this paper later recommends that CBP identify enforcement priorities. The commentary pursuant to Principle 19 provides important guidance on how businesses should take action to prevent and mitigate human rights impacts:

"Where a business enterprise contributes or may contribute to an adverse human rights impact, it should take the necessary steps to cease or prevent its contribution and use its leverage to mitigate any remaining impact to the greatest extent possible. Leverage is

considered to exist where the enterprise has the ability to effect change in the wrongful practices of an entity that causes a harm.

Where a business enterprise has not contributed to an adverse human rights impact, but that impact is nevertheless directly linked to its operations, product or services by its business relationship with another entity, the situation is more complex. Among the factors that will enter into the determination of the appropriate action in such situations are the enterprise's leverage over the entity concerned, how crucial the relationship is to the enterprise, the severity of the abuse, and whether terminating the relationship with the entity itself would have adverse human rights consequences.

The more complex the situation and its implications for human rights, the stronger is the case for the enterprise to draw on independent expert advice in deciding how to respond.

If the business enterprise has leverage to prevent or mitigate the adverse impact, it should exercise it. And if it lacks leverage there may be ways for the enterprise to increase it. Leverage may be increased by, for example, offering capacity-building or other incentives to the related entity, or collaborating with other actors.

There are situations in which the enterprise lacks the leverage to prevent or mitigate adverse impacts and is unable to increase its leverage. Here, the enterprise should consider ending the relationship, taking into account credible assessments of potential adverse human rights impacts of doing so.

Where the relationship is "crucial" to the enterprise, ending it raises further challenges. A relationship could be deemed as crucial if it provides a product or service that is essential to the enterprise's business, and for which no reasonable alternative source exists. Here the severity of the adverse human rights impact must also be considered: the more severe the abuse, the more quickly the enterprise will need to see change before it takes a decision on whether it should end the relationship. In any case, for as long as the abuse continues and the enterprise remains in the relationship, it should be able to demonstrate its own ongoing efforts to mitigate the impact and be prepared to accept any consequences – reputational, financial or legal – of the continuing connection."

The United Nations' Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights further elaborates on the use of leverage linked to business relationships in its "<u>The Corporate Responsibility to Respect: An Interpretive Guide</u>".

"The more complex situation is where an enterprise identifies a risk of adverse human rights impact linked to its operations, products or services and caused by a party with which it has a business relationship. In this situation, the enterprise has the least direct control or influence over whether that impact occurs."

It encourages leverage to be used and also notes that leverage may vary across different dimensions:

"Leverage" over an entity (business, governmental or non-governmental) in this context may reflect one or more factors, such as:

- a) Whether there is a degree of direct control by the enterprise over the entity;
- b) The terms of contract between the enterprise and the entity;
- c) The proportion of business the enterprise represents for the entity;
- d) The ability of the enterprise to incentivize the entity to improve human rights performance in terms of future business, reputational advantage, capacity building assistance, etc.;
- e) The benefits of working with the enterprise to the entity's reputation and the harm to its reputation if that relationship is withdrawn;
- f) The ability of the enterprise to incentivize other enterprises or organizations to improve their own human rights performance, including through business associations and multi-stakeholder initiatives:
- g) The ability of the enterprise to engage local or central government in requiring improved human rights performance by the entity through the implementation of regulations, monitoring, sanctions, etc.

U.S. Government endorsed principles articulate a need for business to conduct due diligence, seek to prevent or mitigate adverse impacts connected through their business relationships, including supply chains, and to use leverage to remedy instances of adverse impacts while also recognizing that a business may not be able to know with certainty, every instance of potential or actual forced labor that may be connected through multiple business relationships.

These principles are enshrined or reflected in most, if not all, of the collaborative initiatives listed in Section 3. In sum, they advocate to have a policy against causing, contributing, or being linked to human rights abuses, including forced labor and to assess where risks may exist; and use leverage to support remedy of the issue.

At present, for most U.S. importers, social compliance audits remain one of the most well-understood and widely-utilized methods of detecting forced labor (and other labor rights issues), due to the fact that they require little to no onboarding, can be deployed globally, assess for a wide range of labor rights issues, and are relatively cost-effective. Such an audit consists of three main elements: worker interviews, on-site visual inspection of facility and dormitory premises, and document review. Indeed, <a href="Mailto:CBP's Reasonable Care Informed Compliance Publication">CBP's Reasonable Care Informed Compliance Publication</a> specifically asks importers:

"7. Have you established a reliable procedure of having a third-party auditor familiar with evaluating forced labor risks conduct periodic, unannounced audits of your supply chain for forced labor?"

Social compliance audits are primarily a form of issue identification and risk assessment. They are expected to be used as detection tools to inform remediation activities, which may take a wide variety of forms, from written corrective action plans with specific deadlines to capacity-building training sessions by expert resources to deeper engagement of labor unions and beyond.

Social compliance audits may vary in their capacity, scope and effectiveness. One initiative underway to improve consistency and accuracy of social compliance auditing is <a href="The Association of Professional Social Compliance Auditors">The Association of Professional Compliance Auditors</a> (APSCA). They maintain a Code and Standards of Professional Conduct that member firms and individual auditors must uphold and tests and certifies individual auditors to a requisite level of competency.

Effective due diligence programs include utilizing tools that increase supply chain transparency and allow for greater traceability to help combat forced labor. Importers can facilitate greater collaboration and enhance collective leverage by publicly sharing their supplier lists and/or participating in disclosure platforms such as the Open Apparel Registry. Due diligence programs should include direct worker engagement. This could include using a grievance system, such as helplines and mobile apps, labor union participation, public-private partnerships, capacity-building workshops for suppliers, and other emerging efforts. Worker perspectives should be used throughout the due diligence process, including remediation efforts.

Regardless of the type of due diligence process used, abuses may still occur within supply chains. Any effective due diligence process should be complemented with other necessary approaches, such as corrective action plans and remediation.

#### 5. Constraints

As evidenced above, there are already a wide array of industry-led, multi-stakeholder, and public-private partnerships in place to combat forced labor. Aligning CBP enforcement action with these would help eliminate confusion and a distraction of resources.

In particular, challenges remain in the following:

- ➤ Tension between strict enforcement of 19 USC 1307 and these commonly accepted principles, in particular related to due diligence and remediation. Importers, civil society, international institutions, industry groups, multi-stakeholder initiatives, and others generally all agree that importers and buyers should use their leverage, such that it may exist, to support remediation of an issue rather than "cutting and running." If an importer discovers a indicator of potential forced labor, it will need to maintain business relationships to influence remediation, which may include allowing for the shipment and the importer to demonstrate compliance to import the goods or else it will lose its leverage with the supplier to remedy the issue.
- > The need for greater coordination between U.S. Government agencies to provide technical assistance and support to businesses wanting to remedy situations of forced labor. The U.S. Department of State and U.S. Department of Labor, along with other executive agencies, have endorsed the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and the OECD's Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises as important references points to guide business action, including with respect to remedy. CBP should consider how to also encourage more remediation and support for overall improvements in conditions for workers.

- Application of these principles to levels of the supply chain that may be inaccessible to U.S. importers and may require broader public-private partnership collaboration. While engagement at the first tier is quite common, it is still relatively uncommon for U.S. importers to be able to access conditions at deeper levels of the supply chain. Furthermore, even if U.S. importers can secure access to such information in some cases, their ability to affect change may be severely limited by the number of actors involved in buying from that entity. Unscrupulous actors in various levels of the supply chain may also deliberately impede U.S. importers' efforts to seek transparency and address issues. Industry solutions, partnership with civil society or worker organizations, and public-private partnerships are critical to addressing issues at deeper levels of the supply chain and direct action on a single U.S. importer may create unintended consequences.
- Lack of sufficient clarity in how CBP prioritizes enforcement efforts in order to focus existing resources on the highest priority issues. U.S. importers are committed to preventing and addressing forced labor and could benefit from a shared sense of high priority issues and areas. Similarly, further alignment with overall U.S. government priorities and deeper alignment with the Department of State and Department of Labor would help address human trafficking and forced labor that could be connected to global supply chains.
- Lack of consistent enforcement and application of existing laws regarding human rights by foreign government agencies. In some regions of the world there are observed cases of State-sponsored forced labor in addition to lack of consistent enforcement of existing laws regarding forced labor. U.S. Government agencies must engage in top-level diplomatic and trade interventions to ensure consistent application of existing regulations as well as development of additional legal frameworks related to protecting human rights. The Interagency Forced Labor Working Group of the U.S. Government should respect, promote and realize the ILO Declaration on the Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work to foster greater enforcement and implementation of labor rights laws at the national level. To the extent possible, promote alignment with the ILO Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) and Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour Convention.
- Awareness, resource and investment needs for certain industry sectors. It is widely acknowledged that small and medium-sized enterprises may lack awareness of 19 USC 1307 and cost-effective ways to identify, monitor and mitigate forced labor in their supply chains. Similarly, some industries, as noted above according to CBP's Centers of Excellence categorization, may have little support among existing industry sector initiatives related to addressing human rights abuses, specifically related to forced labor issues and may be deemed a higher priority for CBP education and outreach.

Finally, CBP may wish to consider relaxing NDA requirements of members of the COAC Forced Labor Working Group and their sub-groups to facilitate collaboration and learning across parallel

and complementary efforts. In the course of this work the group recognized the value of external input from experts throughout the process. Future collaboration with these external experts would contribute to the overall objectives of the Forced Labor Working Group.

#### 6. Conclusion

U.S. government, business, and civil society are aligned that the need to combat forced labor is great. To ensure that affected workers remain central to the work and the focus of all efforts, the enforcement mechanisms that exist should be utilized in a way that enables transparency, remedy and collaboration. We believe that 19 USC 1307 can be an effective tool, but modifications to the implementation and/or discretion in the enforcement will help it be more conducive for meaningful remediation, encourage transparency and target the worst actors.

To continue working toward the shared goal of positive outcomes for workers, CBP is encouraged to more deeply leverage the expertise of the COAC Forced Labor Working Group, particularly through the newer forced labor experts in the sub-groups and civil society members. Value can be gained through a true partnership approach. The engagement of the private sector and civil society is high and could be utilized further by CBP.

Finally, CBP is encouraged to utilize the expert resources of all relevant US government agencies, including, as a priority, the Department of Labor, International Labor Affairs Bureau; Department of State's Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights and Labor, Trafficking in Persons Office, and the Economic and Business Affairs Bureau. Understanding that there is a wealth of knowledge and expertise within USG, CBP would be well positioned to engage more extensively in inter-agency dialogue and priority setting.

#### **Recommendations:**

1. Recognition for WRO Remediation - COAC recommends CBP exercise discretion when considering how and when to carry out enforcement responsibilities for 19 USC 1307, particularly prior to issuing a WRO. CBP should take into account when the importing community is making genuine efforts to conduct due diligence and active remediation as the agency makes decisions about how and when to issue a WRO, including considering utilizing grace periods during which CBP provides alerts and/or guidance to allow the problem to be sustainably resolved before issuing a WRO. Remediation is only viable when the importing community maintains the necessary business leverage and the supplier is financially stable.

## 2. Enhanced Collaboration between Industry & USG to identify known forced labor risks - COAC previously recommended several aspects of collaboration between Industry & USG<sup>2</sup>. COAC recommends enhanced collaboration with industry experts, civil society and other USG agencies to utilize existing resources including, but not limited to the DOL List of Goods Produced by Child or Forced Labor and the DOS Trafficking in Persons Report in order to identify, prioritize, communicate and partner on known forced labor risks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Recommendation numbers 10112 and 10119 presented on 11/16/2016 and 10287 presented on 11/4/2017.

- 3. Enhanced Collaboration between Industry & USG to address <u>highest</u> forced labor risks COAC recommends that CBP recognize and implement the need for a risk-based approach, including targeting enforcement action on known high risk areas, in consultation with civil society, the private sector and other parts of the USG in order to address the worst abuses.
- **4. WRO Process Considerations** COAC recommends CBP fully engage all relevant stakeholders (affected individuals, USG, private sector, civil society, etc.) prior to issuing a WRO to help avoid unintended consequences related to its actions. This will ensure other USG agencies with proper authority can promote proper action be taken to protect those that may be affected, which may include personal protection, health care, legal aid, psychological assistance and referrals.
- 5. ILO Standards COAC recommends CBP, through its interagency efforts related to forced labor with the U.S. Government, respect, promote and realize the ILO Declaration on the Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work to foster greater enforcement and implementation of human rights laws at the national level. To the extent possible, promote alignment with the ILO Convention 29 and 2014 Protocol on forced labor.
- **6.** COAC recommends that CBP, through its interagency efforts related to forced labor with the U.S. Government, assist US importers with deeper visibility in the supply chain by sharing experiences, resources, and tools utilized to access information about forced labor risk in upstream levels of the supply chain that may be less accessible to importers.

Name	Type	Organiser(s)	Center of Excellence	Geographical Focus	Issues Targeted	Description	Focus Areas	Public Outputs	Website	Contact
A21	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia, Europe, North America, Oceania, Sub- Saharan Africa, Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation, Recruitment	A21 is an anti-human trafficking organisation with a 3-tiered approach to Reach, Rescue and Restore victims of trafficking around the world. A21 currently operates in 14 countries globally.	Reach the vulnerable and disrupt the demand through awareness initiatives in schools, businesses and local communities.  Conduct and support victim identification operations with the police and local law enforcement to identify and safeguard potential victims of trafficking.  Nexton survivous and equip them to live independently.  Work with businesses, big and small, to carry out specialised professional training sessions a well as collaboratively to form business partnerships	Business partnership opportunities to support the MSA 2015 requirement for businesses to show their commitment to anti-human trafficking efforts	https://www.a21.org/	info.uk©n21.org
AIM-Progress	Initiative	AIM- the European Brands Association	Consumer Products & Mass Merchandising	Global	Forced Labor	AIM-PROGRESS is a forum of leading Fast Moving Consumer Goods (FMCG) manufacturers and common suppliers, assembled to enable and promote responsible sourcing practices and sustainable supply chains.	Human Rights     Capability Building     Mutual Recognition	Online tools     Research reports     Supplier support resources	https://aim-progress.com/	virginie.chouzenouv@aim-progress.com.
Alliance 8.7	Initiative	International Labour Organization	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Alliance 8.7 is a global partnership committed to achieving Target 8.7 of the Agenda 2030 for Sostainable Development. The Alliance brings together governments, worker and employers' organizations. UN agencies, businesses, civil society organizations and others to eradicate forced labour, modern storecy, human trafficking and all forms of child labour.	Research related to SDG target 8.7 supports governments with monitoring progress Events/workshops Action Groups to implement Alliance 8.7's focus areas Knowledge Platform	Research     Knowledge Platform	http://www.alliance87.org/	update@alliance87.org
allianceHR	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Recruitment	allimocHR, founded in 2002, specialises in supporting businesses to implement fair employment and ethical trade supply chain solutions, allianceHR aims to deliver collaborative programmes to drive systemic human rights improvements in global supply chains.	Support major retailers and brands to improve their supply chain labour standards     Support labour uses to ensure the ethicia and legal compliance to protect band exputation and improve performance     Provide consultancy, training and confidential HR support to a wide variety of employment businesses and labour providers	Strunger Tagether, a multi-statcholder collaborative initiative apporting organisations to tackle modern shavery within their businesses and supply chains.  Fast Forward, a labour standards improvement programme to unoversibidine exploitation and drive collaborative continuous improvement in supply chains.  Association of the proposed proposed in Association of the proposed in the continuous particular and the continuous improvement in the UK consumer goods supply chain.  *Clearive, a global responsible recruitment in the UK consumer goods supply chain.  *Responsible Recruitment Toolki, a web based one-step capacity building toolkis to supplies, supply chains to embed and report responsible recruitment practice.	https://alliancele.co.uk/	ensuiriessikallimeeln ee aak
AnnieCannons	NGO / NPO	N/A	Electronics	North America	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	AnnieCannons aims to transform survivors of human trafficking into software professionals. AnnieCannons trains survivors of human trafficking with coding skills so they can secure sustainable, high-income earning opportunities at ICT companies.	N/A	N/A	https://www.anniecannons.com/	info@anniecannons.com
Anti-Slavery International	Fund / Foundation	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation		Advocacy/Lobbying for legislative change     International Policy Work and Campaigning     Collecting information, publishing reports and raising awareness of slavery     Ciudance and training to businesses on supply chain due diligence and addressing modern slavery risks	N/A	http://www.antislavery.org/english/	info@antislavery.org
Anti-Slavery Partnership	Initiative	Unseen UK, Avon and Somerset Police and Bristol City Council	Cross-Industry	Europe	Forced Labour	The Anti-Slavery Partnership aims to support and enable the discovery of, and response to, incidents of modern slavery and exploitation through a victims-centered and multi-disciplinary approach.	<ul> <li>Pasklem Profiling, Identifying where abserve occurs and switting permiss to superp rotential betrims and gain information about potential perpetration.</li> <li>I-coal Forums: Intended to be a knowledge-scehange event for lead NOGs, social care and health groups to have local reach intellicing and abserve and exact profile resources, and exach frontiers and first port the signs of vocations, and another found and the profile of the resources and nature what to do of the questional vocations.</li> <li>Champions Training: Human trafficking trainings for partners.</li> </ul>	Modern Slavery Helpline     Resources hub	https://www.aspartnership.org.uk/	http://www.aspartnership.org.uk/contact
Ardea International	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Recruitment	Ardea International is a specialist sustainability, business and human rights organisation with expertise in modern slavery. Ardea International aims to harness their legal expertise to help organisations meet their legal compliance obligations and develop best practice procedures. Their accredited training and online resources are designed to povide user friendly and specialist content.	companies, organisations and NGOs	Webinars     Guides     Publications	https://www.ardeainternational.com/	hello@ardeainternationalcom
Automotive Industry Action Group - Supply Chain Sustainability Work Group	Initiative	Automotive Industry Action Group	Automotive & Aerospace	Global	Forced Labor	ALAG beings our members together to develop innovative solutions to these and other common CR challenges, both national and international. AIAG understands the range of CR issues and laws affecting the automotive and related industries, and we stay on top of changing conditions and expectations.	Environmental Sustainability     Health & Safety	Online tools     Guiding Principles     Supplier assessment	https://www.aiag.org/	cr@aiag.org
Bangladesh Ashshash Project	Initiative	Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation, Winrock International	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The Adabash project aims to improve the well-being of \$500 mes and women who have except trafficking by delivering high- quality psychoscoal and technical recentional training job placement and entrepresented support. The project also aims to attempts the capacity of local partners, civil society groups and government for improved narrives services.	Private sector engagement for jobs and corporate commitments to services     Skills building for trafficking survivors     Skills building for trafficking survivors     Market-driven economic empowement services     Gender-sensitive approaches to social protection and economic empowement interventions	N/A	https://www.winrock.org/project/providi ng-help-and-hope-for-those-whove- come-home/	wi.ashshash@winrock.org.
Better Work	Initiative	International Labour Organization and International Finance Corporation	Apparel, Footwear & Textiles	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Better Work is an initiative that brings together all levels of the gament industry to improve working conditions and respect of labour rights for workers. The programme is active in 1,450 factories employing more than 1.9 million workers in seven countries.	Advise factories on how to improve working conditions     Collaborate with governments to improve labour laws     Advise unions on how to empower workers	Publications assessing working conditions in the factories participating in the programme     Impact Assessment of Better Work Programme     News & Stories	http://www.betterwork.org/	betterwork@ilo.org
Businesses Ending Slavery and Trafficking	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	North America	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	Businesses Ending Slavery and Trafficking (BEST) aims to support prevention and reporting of human trafficking by the business sector. Through training, consultation and collaboration, IEST works with businesses to drive behavioral change and improve the lives of the victims involved IsST provides training to businesses on protring human trafficking and identifies steps individual employers can take to protect their operations from the risks posed by sex traffickers and buyers.	Inhospitable to Trafficking align leaders in lodging, law enforcement, and victim services to develop country- specific best practice, train supervisors and staff to identify and prevent trafficking in lodging entitleliments in the properties of the properties of the properties of partnership in the U.S. to work across industries preventing sex trafficking and sex hoping. Safe John Content services and persons at risk with existing job training programs and potential employers	N/A	https://www.bestalliance.org/	info@bestalliance.org
Clear Cotton	Initiative	ILO, FAO, co-funded by EU & ILO	Apparel, Footwear & Textiles	Latin America and the Caribbean, MENA, Sub- Saharan Africa, Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The Clear Cotton project weeks to contribute to efforts endicating shild labour and forced labour from the cotton, textile and gament sectors. Country covered: Burkins Faco, Mail, Pakistan and Peru, Partners include: governments, employers' and workers' organizations, private sector, cooperatives, civil society organizations, media.	Review the policy, legal and regulatory framework  * Map the cotton, testili and agment value  * Strengthen the institutional capacity of the country through their formal compliance mechanisms  * Strengthen to mistinize and compliance mechanisms  * Strengthen to presently of employers and workers  * Develop community-based multi-statecholder monitoring and mendati mechanisms  * Strengthen livelihoods of local and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of local and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of sold and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of sold and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of local and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of sold and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of sold and vulnerable families  * Strengthen livelihoods of sold and vulnerable families  * Strengthen vilnerable families  * Strength	N/A	https://ec.europs.eu/europeid/site/dev eo/files/clear-cotton-project- brochure_en.pdf	alamostičiko ora

Name	Туре	Organiser(s)	Center of Excellence	Geographical Focus	Issues Targeted	Description	Focus Areas	Public Outputs	Website	Contact
Clearview	Initiative	Association of Labour Providers	Cross-Industry	Global	Recruitment	Clearview is a global social compliance scheme for labour recruiters and providers whose objective is to drive responsible recruitment practice in supply chains.	N/A	Independent certification of labour recruiters and providers against global labour and recruitment standards     Rigorous auditor approval and integrity scheme	https://www.clearviewassurance.com/	clearview@labourproviders.org.uk
Coalition of Immokalee Workers	NGO / NPO	N/A	Agriculture & Prepared Products	North America	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The Coalition of Immokalee Workers (CIW) is a worker-based human rights organisation internationally recognised for its achievements in the fields of social responsibility, human trafficking, and gender-based violence at work.	Fair food Program     Anti-Slavery Campaign     The Campaign for fair food	Online resources	http://www.ciw-online.org	workers@ciw-online.org
Callective Liberty	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Europe, North America	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation, Recruitment, Child Labour	Collective Liberty is fissused on cradicating human trafficking by sollaborating servos industries, agencies, and service providers to create radical, data-driven approaches that work. Collective Liberty is also committed to finding employment apportunities at companies for undecumented trafficking newtween in the United States	<ul> <li>Empowering private sector agencies to improve internate policies and practices to climinate trafficking activity within their supply chains and business relationships using data-driven best practices.</li> <li>Facilitate a platiform to share intelligence and geographic and types specific data; as well as connect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>insussry-specific case sundes</li> <li>Regional, intel-driven case building trainings for law enforcement</li> <li>Resource Centre which compiles all existing anti-trafficking resources for law enforcement and service providing NGOs</li> <li>Actionable intelligence for law enforcement and code enforcement agencies as well as analytical support</li> </ul>	http://collectiveliberty.com/	info@collectiveliberts.org
Consomethic	Initiative	Philippe Auroi	Cross-Industry	Europe	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Consomethic helps French medium-sized food companies to munage modern slavery and child labor due diligence processes.  Consomethic aims to create ownerses on Human Rights Ablases in the supply chain of French food sector companies and proposes risk analysis, due diligence methodology, espering advice to medium steed company.	Training for employees of food companies in France     Develop Modern slavery tool kit (risk analysis)     Create Awareness (dedicated website, training videos)     Deliver conferences and modules on modern slavery in food ingeniers schools		https://www.consomethic.org/	philippe_suroi@consomethic.org
Corporate Responsibility in Eliminating Slavery and Trafficking	Initiative	International Organization for Migration (IOM) and the Government of Sweden	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour, Recruitment	The Corporate Responsibility in Eliminating Slavery and Trafficking (CREST) is an initiative designed to help companies reduce the risk of modern slavery and human trafficking in their operations and supply chain. CREST operates programme centers, including in Vietnam, to help companies.	Awareness-raising and training for the commercial sector on trafficking and modern slavery     Pre-orientation training for prospective labour migrants     Supply chain mapping and ethical recruitment	N/A	https://vietnam.iom.int/en/ioms-crest- programme	IOM CREST@iom.int
Cotton Campaign	Initiative	Global Coalition of Human Rights, Labour, Responsible Investor and Businesses	Apparel, Footwear & Textiles	Asia	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The Cotton Campaign is a global coalition of human rights, labor, responsible investor and business organizations focused on eradicating child and forced labor in cotton production.	Advise companies     Advocacy	Reports     Press Releases	http://www.cottoncampaign.org/	cottoncampaigncoordinator@gmail.com
Cotton Program	Initiative	Responsible Sourcing Network	Apparel, Footwear & Textiles	Asia	Forced Labour	The Cotton Program is a multi-stakeholder network that works to end forced labor in Urbeksistan and Turkmenistan's cotton industry with a variety of tools and strategies. In members receive up-date information about the situation and share best practice knowledge. The Cotton Program supports supply chains of the clotting and bedding that are free of forced labour in the fields where the cotton for these products is grown.	Yarn Ethically & Sustainably Sourced (YESS) Initiative, aiming to eliminate the market for cotton produced with forced labour	N/A	http://www.sourcingnetwork.org/cotton/	cotton@sourcingnetwork.org
Decent Work in Global Supply Chains	Initiative	United Nations Global Compact, in partnership with the International Labour Organization and UNICEF	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The United Nations Global Compact Action Platform on Decent Work in Global Supply Chains is an alliance of companies committed to respecting human rights and findamental principles and rights at work by leveraging their supply claims and lating observations of the supply claims and lating observations of the supply supply claims are considered under the supply supply claims and demonstrate low labour rights and human rights are critical for additioning the UN Sustainable Development Golds. Modern slavery is one of the issues convent.	y chains  • Drive innovation and foster cross-cutting solutions to accelerate efforts in realizing the rights of workers, their families and their communities	Case examples     Guidance materials     Interactive Map for Business of Anti-Human Trafficking Organisations	https://www.unglobalcompact.org/take- action/action/decent-work-supply-chains	dupont@unglobalcompact.org
DeliverFund	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	North America	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	DeliverFund is a nonprofit, private intelligence organization that provides resources to law enforcement that allows them the ability to scale their human trafficking investigations so that more traffickers are arrested and more victims are freed.	<ul> <li>Equip law enforcement with technologies to scale their abilities to investigate human trafficking</li> <li>Train law enforcement how to use open source tools an intelligence methodologies to proactively investigate human trafficking</li> <li>Advise law enforcement with reliable, actionable, and verifiable intelligence packages identifying trafficking networks</li> </ul>	Platform for Analysis and Targeting of Human traffickers (PATH)     Hunt, Analyze, and Locate, Traffickers (HALT) tool suite	https://www.deliverfund.org/	info@deliverfund.org
Delta 8.7	Initiative	United Nations University Centre for Policy Research, Alliance 8.7, UK Home Office (Modern Slavery Innovation Fund), U.S. Department of Labor	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Delta 8,7 is a global enline knowledge platform exploring effective measures to cradicate forced labor, modern duvery, human efficiency and child labor, as set out in Figure 8.7 of the UN Statistical Development Goods. The portal also includes a forum where experts discuss efforts to tackle these human rights abuses, including from the private sector. Data dashbounds bring superher visualizations of contraje-level data showing trends over time, as well as details on governments efforts to address these abuses. The dashbourds are organized and visualized in a way that makes the data usable in decision-making and helps policy active in the contribute to Target to an extra the contribute to Target to an extra to the contribute to Target to	Research and development     Data visualizations and details on governments efforts to address these abuses.	Online knowledge platform     Research reports     Expert thought leadership articles     Events to share and discuss challenges and successes in the measurement of forced labour, modern slavery, human trafficking and child labour	https://delta87.org/	info@delta87.org
Ethical Trading Initiative	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The Ethical Trading Initiative (ETI) is a leading alliance of companies, trade unions and NGOs that promotes respect for workers' rights around the globe. ETI's corporate members agree to adopt the ETI Base Code, which is based on conventions of the International Labour Organization, and sign up to ETI's Principles of Implementation.	- Establish best practices in ethical trade through pilot projects and working groups - Support initiatives that raise workers' awareness of their nights - Build alliances between companies, NGOs, suppliers, trade unions and governments in key sourcing companies and internationally to find solutions to workers' issues - Privites sector collaboration on labour issues across industries	Implementation Training	http://www.ethicaltrade.org	info@eti.org.uk
Fair Food Program	Initiative	The Coalition of Immokalee Workers	Agriculture & Prepared Products	North America	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The Coalition of Immokalee Workers' Fair Food Program is a partnership among farmers, farmworkers, and retail food companies that ensures humane wages and working conditions for the workers who pick fruits and vegetables on participating farms. Bipers argue to purchase covered produce only from farms that met the humandors orquired by the Fair Food Code of Coaleds and pay suppliers a small "Fair Food Premium which is passed on to farmworkers in their regalar psychecks to augment food wages." The Food Food Coaled coaled to their farms.	Worker Education on their labour rights Complaint resolution Audits and Transparency Market-Based Enforcement	Fair Food Code of Conduct     Worker testimonies	http://www.fairfoodprogram.org/	info@fairfoodprogram.org
Fair Labor Association	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The Fair Labor Association is a collaborative effort of universities, civil society organizations and socially responsible companies deducted to protecting workers' rights around the world. Companies are held accountable for implementing PLA's Code of Conduct and FLA's Principles of Fair Labor and Responsible Sourcing.	<ul> <li>Serve as convening body for NGOs to engage with companies and others on labour concerns</li> </ul>	FLA Code and Principles  Annual Reports  Newsletter  Case studies  Results of unannounced factory visits  Issue briefs	http://www.fairlabor.org/	http://www.fairlabor.org/contact
Fair Recruitment Initiative	Initiative	International Labour Organization	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Recruitment	The First Recuitment Initiative is a multi-subclobder initiative aimed at grevent huma trafficking and forced above, protecting the right of whoset, including migrate voluces, from abovies and fundated practices draing the recuttiment process. It also aims to reduce the cere of albeing migration and enhance development outcomes for migrate workers and their families, as well as for countries of origin and destination. The FIR works in close collaboration with provimments, representative employers, workers' organizations, the private sector and other key partners.	recruitment processes	Events     Publications	http://www.ilo.org/global/topics/fair- recruitment/lang-en/index.htm	fundamentals@ilo.org

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Fast Forward	Initiative	AllianceHR	Cross-Industry	Europe	Forced Labour	Fast Ferward is a next generation labour standards improvement programme. Developed with major high street and online consumer goods brands, the Fast Ferward methodology and tools support systemic change in supply chains, unover hidden exploitation, identify forced labour indicates and drive collaborative continuous improvement	N/A	Pre-audit supplier training, guidance and resources to help suppliers to continuously improve in labour standards management proposed in the continuously improve in labour standards management and an extension of the continuously improve the continuously improve and audit which helps enable the identification and help expolaration, whilst also recognizing and rewarding supplier expolarations, validation of forced labour and improvement and collaboration through their growth of the proposed practices.  Strengthening including the continuously increased and collaboration of complience enabling access to remodellism.  Suppliers receive graded performance measurement and its artition place enable brands to focus their attention on high risk suppliers while incentivising and revoking better performance in the proposed and the performance in the	https://www.fastforwarkisk.org/	enquiries@festforwarbak.cog
Fifty Eight	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Sub-Saharan Africa	Recruitment	Fifty Eight partners with companies, charities and other organisations to address the challenges of modern slavery and improve working conditions in global supply chains.	Training and education     Governance briefings     Corporate supply chains risk assessment and support services	Mobile apps 'Just Good Work' and 'Kordus' for migrant workers and companies     Research reports	https://www.50eight.com/	info@50eight.com
Focus on Labour Exploitation	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia, Europe	Forced Labour	Focus on Labour Exploitation (FLEX) works to end human trafficking for labour exploitation. To achieve this, FLEX undertakes research, advocacy and knowledge building to address labour abuses before they turn into severe exploitation, to protect the rights of trafficked persons and to challenge policies and practices that drive labour exploitation.	Research     Knowledge building on prevention of human trafficking for labour exploitation     Advocacy for law and policy	Monthly newsletter     Multi-language leaflets for workers	http://www.labourexploitation.org	info@labourexploitation.org
FRDM	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Child Labour	FRDM uses big data analytics to monitor, address, and alert organizations of forced labor in their supply chain, including sub- suppliers all the way to materials. FRDM also provides similar functionality for Environmental, Social, and Governance issues, as well as the UNS Statistands Development Goals.	Supply chain transparency, compliance and monitoring services	Online, interactive consumer awareness raising tool 'Slavery Footprint' (https://slaveryfootprint.org/)	https://www.frdm.co	hello@frdm.co
Free the Slaves	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, Sub- Saharan Africa, Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Recruitment, Sexual Exploitation	Free the Slaves aims to liberate slaves and change the conditions that allow slavery to pensist. Strategy: reduce people's vulnershilty, help those in slavery to freedom, and transform the political, consonic, cultural, and occid circumstances that make slavery possible. Vision: a community-based model for freedom. They help communities that their own path toward austranshile freedom based on their major access and constructions. They after to tradigue the longisty of gameotes organizations, poverment agencies, advocacy cultions, and the media to take action.	N/A	Five-volume set of training manuals     Program specific case studies     Clobal Results; Monitoring & Evaluation Data     Blog and Quarterly Newsletter     Annual Modern Day Slavery video production     Host one of the largest collections of modern day slavery media	http://www.freetheslaves.net/	info@freetheslaves.net
Freedom Fund	Fund / Foundation	Humanity United, Legatum Foundation and Minderoo Foundation.	Cross-Industry	Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, Sub- Saharan Africa, Global	Forced Labour	The Freedom Fund is a private philanthropic initiative dedicated to identifying and investing in the most effective front-line efforts to end slavery. Two manages a global initiative focused on legal strategies to fight slavery and another.	Develop 'hotspot projects' by partnering with local fioralfine organization in regions where slavery is prevalent     Engage with government, private sector and others to tackle underlying systemic issues ted to forced labour 'Provide resources so organizations can work together more effectively on forced labour issues or support finaling from innovative investors to support finaline fiften to comba forced slavery.	- Reports - Blogs	http://freedomfund.org/	info@freedomfund.org
Global Business Coalition Against Human Trafficking	Initiative	Business for Social Responsibility	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The Global Business Coalition Against Human Trafficking is a business-led organization advancing cross-industry progress to end human trafficking. The organization aims to hamess the power of business across all sectors to prevent and reduce modern slavery victims, and support survives, through collaboration, gaidance, and shared resources.	Build capacity among SMEs to prevent and eradicate modern slavery and participate in responsible global supply chains     *Enable businesses to support survives through access to job skills training and employment opportunities     *Provide resources and guidance for businesses of all sizes to navigate the landscape of anti-slavery tools, training, and organizations	Resources     Blogs     Interactive Map for Business of Anti-Human     Trafficking Organisations	http://sbcat.org	gheat@bsr.org
Global Business Network on Forced Labour and Human Trafficking	Initiative	International Labour Organization	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	The Global Business Network on Forced Labor and Human Trafficking is an initiative composed of a network of businesses sharing information on how to prevent and mitigate the risk of forced labour and human trafficking in their operations and supply chains.	Develop tools and guidance     Pilot test interventions	Resources	http://www.ilo.org/global/about-the- ilo/newsroom/news/WCMS 556159/la ngen/index.htm	forcedlabour@ilo.org
Global Eye	NGO/NPO	N/A	Agriculture & Prepared Products	Sub-Saharan Africa	Forced Labour	Global Eye aims to disrupt networks engaging in human trafficking and trafficking of wildlife and forest products. Global Eye partners with government agencies, NGOs, companies and intergovernmental organisations to ensure the data targets the most vulnerable points across a given criminal network.	Assist companies in strengthening regulations related to human trafficking and developing corporate social responsibility programs.     Use criminal intelligence to fight transnational crime - Locate and deciphers the multiple layers of data pertaining to illicit networks.     Num anti-corruption programs.	- Reports - Data	http://www.global-eye.co/ge/	enquiries@global-eye.co
Global Fund to End Modern Slavery	Fund / Foundation	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The Global Fund to End Modern Slavery (GFEM) is a public-private partnership focused on ending modern slavery by making it ecconomically unprofitable. GFEM funding focuses on three interconnected themse: effective rule of law, basiness invostrent and satistation feedom for survivors of human trafficking through recovery, reintegration and ecconomic opportunity. GFEM is working with Marriotl International on preparing survivors of modern slavery for employment, particularly in the hospitality influence.	Engage portraments in devolop anti-alterny strategies and evoloping of minder badgered action plans.  Engage the private sector to create market-based solutions to end modern alvery through business engagement.  Engage civil society to effectively design and implement interventions to end modern slavely modern interventions to end modern slavely on the contract of	• Newsletter	https://www.gfems.org/	https://www.gfems.org/contact/
Global March Against Child Labour	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Child Labour	sarety and turnosing and cisturing access by an elimeter to rece, incuming a una good quarry parise conduction.	Support action against child labour in Asia     Accelerate progress in ending child labour in Africa     Advocate for decent work for youth and eradicate child labour in Latin America     End child labour in supply chains     Citifs Advocacy Alliance (GAA) program	GAA Annual Reports     Guidelines for companies     Workshops	https://globalmarch.org/	info@globalmarch.org
Grace Farms Foundation Architecture + Construction Working Group	NGO/NPO	N/A	Industrial & Manufacturing Materials	Global	Forced Labor	Although human rights advocates have began to miss awareness of the pervasiveness of forced labor in construction projects around the world, the use of raw and conjournel meterials produced by forced labor in the built environment project with impunity. In this first-of-ti-st-ind initiative, we are bringing together experts and industry leaders across the ecosystent of the built environment, of limitative modern sharely vin the architecture and global construction industry, one of the larger industrial section in the world. In our distinct interdesoptimary approach, we are working to build swareness and initialize institutional responses, including the development of a construction materials.	within architecture, engineering, design, and construction.  • Create a radical paradigm shift within the built environment.	Online tools	https://gracefarms.org/slave-free- architecture-supply-chains/	rkhattabi@gracefarmsfoundation.org
Hamro Samman	Initiative	Winrock International, USAID, UK Aid	Cross-Industry	Asia	Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	Harro Samuni is a program funded by USAID and UK-Aif mining to support and leverage Government of Neptal, civil society, and private socior efforts to counter trafficking-io-persons in Nepal. Using the "40" framework—Prevention, Protection, Protection, and Partnership—the Hanno Samman purject brings together various stakeholders and implementing partners to reduce the prevalence of trafficking-in-persons.	Partner with the Government of Nepal and ICT solutions firms to improve and streamline data collection and management systems     Support the development of technologies to address employment, recruitment, and monitoring and reporting on TIP issues     I-levenge external resources, including the private sector, to combat trafficking	Technologies to address employment, recruitment, and monitoring and reporting on TIP issues (in progress)	https://www.winrock.org/project/harmro- samman-partnerships-to-combat-human- trafficking-in-nepal/	hamrosammanproject@winrock.org
Human Resources Without Borders (RHSF)	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour, Child Labour, Recruitment	Human Resources Without Borders (RHSF) is a field NGO which aims to prevents risks of human rights abuse through the supply chain, with a focus on child labour and forced labour.	Risk assessment training  Awareness raising initiatives  Fair Recruitment projects in Asia  Decreasing Excessive Overtime project in China	Country risk maps (risks and stakeholders)     Cost maps (minimum wages, recruitment costs)     Online questionnaire     Guides on forced labour     Online webinars	http://www.rhsansfrontieres.org/en	contact@rbsansfrontieres.fr

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Humanity United	Fund / Foundation	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Humanity United works to address issues of human trafficking in the seafood sector for many years. In 2015, they lumched a joint program with another donor, the Freedom Fund, to address issues of slavery and forced labour in Thailmal's seafood industry. Together, their aim is to create a robust enabling environment to allow corporations, government officials, and migrant workers themselves to work in parallel or endicate forced labour and human trafficies in the safeod sector in Thailmad. Specifically, they seek to catalyze market-bused leverage, empower workers and survivors, and incentivize regulatory action to counter a climate of impunity.	Incentivize and support the private sector to take coordinated action, improve transparency, and adopt tools that enable the implementation of editional labor practices "Strengthen evil society capacity to document cases of soleme and empower impairs workers thereoph access to services and reduces to the Thia government to reform the regulatory framework, uplotd migrant rights, and challenge the impunity of traffickers.	Advocacy     Film/media     Bloss	https://humanityamited.org	info@humanityanited.org
International Code of Conduct for Private Security Providers' Association	Initiative	Governments, Private Security Companies and NGOs	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	The International Code of Conduct for Private Security Providers' Association (ICoCA) is a multi-stakeholder initiative which aims to promote, govern and oversee implementation of the International Code of Conduct for Private Security Providers. The Code stifuntly bead on international International International International Code international Inte	Certify member companies' systems and policies meet requirements of the Code     Monitor member companies' compliance with Code based established human rights methodologies     Handle complaints of alleged violations of Code	The International Code of Conduct for Private Security Providers and Certification     Newsletter     Resources	http://www.icoca.ch/en	secretariat@icoca.ch
International Justice Mission	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation, Organ Removal	International Justice Mission is a global human rights organization that works to end impunity for violence against the poor through strenthening government's public justice system.	<ul> <li>Provide legal and psychosocial services to victims of violence and exploitation</li> <li>Partner with government actors in the public justice system to strengthen their response to ending impurity for violence and exploitation</li> <li>Partner with an support corporations to end trafficking and forced labor in global supply chains</li> </ul>	Industry-specific and country specific case studies, including prevalence studies and jublic justice system performance studies. Annual events with government officials, policymakers, shift leaders, and other thought leaders to discuss the most effective models of addressing trafficking, forced labor, and other forms of violence and exploitation.	https://www.ijm.org/	contact@ijm.org
International Petroleum Industry Environmental Conservation Association (IPIECA)	NGO/NPO	N/A	Petroleum, Natural Gas & Minerals	Global	Forced Labor		<ul> <li>Anticipating - challenges for the industry through increased focus on scanning and assessing emerging issues and devoloning actions.</li> <li>Enabling - the industry to improve its environmental and social performance through the development and promotion of good practice.</li> <li>Informing - global policy and external stakeholders pro- actively and credibly on environmental and social issues.</li> </ul>	Online tools     Research reports     White papers	https://www.ipieca.org/	https://www.ipieca.org/contact-us/
International Recruitment Integrity System	Initiative	International Organization for Migration	Cross-Industry	Global	Recruitment	The International Recruitment Integrity System (IRIS) is a social compliance scheme that is designed to promote ethical international recruitment. It consists of an international standard, a voluntary certification scheme for labour recruiters, and a compliance and monitoring mechanism.	N/A	Newsletter     Resources	https://iris.iom.int/	iris@iom.int
Issara Institute	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour	The Issura Institute aims to tackle human trafficking and forced labour in Southeast Asia. The Institute partners with global brands and retailers to identify and eliminate trafficking risks in their supply chains, and works directly with local communities throughout the supply chains of private sector partners.	Inclusive Labour Monitoring approach: focuses on inclusivity and continuity     Strategic Partners Program: engages with the private sector to address risks through risk reports and collaboration	Distributes hotline posters at the facilities of partners	https://www.projectissara.org	lisa@issarainstitute.org
Justice and Care	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia, Europe	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	Justice and Care aims to tackle human trafficking by taking a multi-disciplinary approach encompassing rescue, legal support, comprehensive victim care, protection, reintegration and efficient management system. Justice and Care is working to place survivors of human trafficking into companies in India.	Community Intervention     Search and Rescue     Aftercare     Legal     Research, policy and leverage	N/A	https://www.justiceandcare.org/	hello@justiceandcare.org
Kimberly Process	Initiative	UN General Assembly, UN Sanctions Committee, World Trade Organization	Base Metals	Global	Forced Labor	The Kimberley Process (KP) is a commitment to remove conflict diamonds from the global supply chain. Today, participants actively prevent 99.8% of the worldwide trade.	• The Kimberley Process welcomes all countries who are willing and able to implement its minimal requirements. • Participating members, civil society observers and the wider industry meet twice yearly—at intersessional and plenary meetings—and conduct monthly teleconferences. • Adherence and implementation is monitored through review visits; regular exchange of data, statistical analysis and the annual reports.	Online tools     Research reports     White papers	https://www.kimberlevprocess.com/	https://www.kimberlevprocess.com/en/contact
Laos Counter Trafficking in Persons Program	Initiative	Winrock International, USAID	Cross-Industry	Asia	Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation		Provide skills training to vulnerable populations based on labor market needs, including entrepreneurship development     Inhance private sector partnerships to offer employment opportunities to targeted vulnerable populations     Access to economic opportunities and employment among target vulnerable populations improved	N/A	https://www.winrock.org/project/ctip- asia/	AsisCTIP@winrock.org
Leadership Group for Responsible Recruitment	Initiative	IHRB (Secretariat)	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour, Recruitment	The Leadership Group for Responsible Recruitment aims to promote chical recruitment and combat the exploitation of niigant workers in global supply chains across industries. The five founding companies have committed to the "Employer Poss Principle", which states that no worker should pay for a job - the costs of recruitment should be home not by the worker but by the employer.	Annual Leadenhip Forum for Responsible Recruitment Provide companies with tools to implement the principle Super-Cysters that identify and use ethical commitment agencies - Advocate for the regulation and enforcement of the recruitment industry	Responsible Recruitment Resource Bank     Responsible Recruitment Tools	https://www.ihrb.org/employerpays/lead ership-group-for-responsible- recruitment	neill wilkins@ihrb.org
Liberty Shared	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour	Liberty Shared aims to prevent human trafficking through legal advocacy, technological interventions, and strategic collaborations with NGOs, corporations, and financial institutions in Southeast Asia.	<ul> <li>Partner with corporations through identification of specific areas and platforms that could assist in counter- trafficking initiatives</li> </ul>	Victim case management system	https://libertyshared.org/	contact@libertyshared.org
Libre Solutions	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	supply chains. The organization educates organisations on the signs of modern slavery and what to do when they are recognised.	<ul> <li>Conduct risk assessment of supply chains     identify areas of greatest risk and implement measures     to reduce risk.</li> <li>Assist in writing of modern slavery statements where     necessary</li> <li>Create and deliver bespoke modern slavery training     packages for industries and companies</li> <li>Conduct internel ethical adults</li> </ul>	Training events     Intelligence handling and dissemination     Awareness raising seminars	http://www.libresolutions.uk/	pmiller@libresolutions.uk
London Bouillon Market Association - Responsible Sourcing Programme	Initiative	London Bouillon Market Association	Base Metals	Global	Forced Labor	LBMA's Responsible Sourcing programme for precious metals protects the integrity of the global supply chain for the wholesale precious metals markets. Vital to the credibility of the standards is the broad scope, which includes measures to combat money laundering, terrorist financing and human rights abuses globally.	- Guidance - Governance - Auditing	Guidance     Research reports     White papers	http://www.lbma.org.uk/responsible- sourcing	mail@lbma.org.uk
Modern Slavery Working Group	Initiative	Global Compact Network UK	Cross-Industry	Europe	Forced Labour	In 2015 the UK Government passed the UK Modern Slavery Act (MSSA), a legalation aiming to fight modern slavery in the UK. The UN Global Compact Network UK Modern Slavery Working Group is a group of companies from different actions that was early to being them cropped to the requirements of the MSA (as ex out in Section 54), and climitate modern slavery and human traffiching from their cupply claims. Specifically, it aims to create a safe space where companies can discuss the implementation challenge of the MSA and learn bow others from different sectors are tackling their supply claim the difficulty.	Transparency in Supply Chains	N/A	http://www.umglobalcompact.org.uk/	benafsha.delgado@unglobalcompact.org_ uk
Multistakeholder Initiative for Accountable Supply Chain of Thai Fisheries	Initiative	The Labour Rights Promotion Network Foundation (LPN), The MARA Pattners, TLCS Legal Advocate and Kelley Drye	Agriculture & Prepared Products	Asia	Child Labour, Forced Labour	human stafficking and UU fishing in Southern Axis fishing sector with the constitutive approach. MAST combines experiences from the ground of civil society and prefessional consultancy to robust the positive solutions. MAST aims to work with civil society, basinesses, and governments more toward the real classings for better living conditions for workers fishers and the sustainable fishery for next generations.	- Combat IUU fishing and slave labour under the pilot project "Dipila Artisand Fisheries" (DAF) - Promote stantisation fishery, traceability under DAF - Use technology to facilitate vulnerable workers to access girevame enchanism - Raise waterness and prevent human trafficking in business supply - Faqui evil society for better care of trafficked persons and themselves - Increase NGOs' competency for transparent prosecution.	Publications in That and English	https://www.masthuman.org/	mast initiative@email.com
Nexus Working Group on Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery	Initiative	NEXUS	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The Nexus Working Group on Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery aims to mobilize resources and individuals to invest in high impact solutions that address the root causes of human trafficking and combat modern slavery. Its goal is to inspire next-generation donors and millennial activists to combat human trafficking and modern slavery and bridge knowledge gaps, salos and lack of resources with communities of dialogue and wealth.	Magazines	- Summit Reports	https://nexusglobal.org/human- trafficking-and-modem-slavery/	htms@nexusglobal.org info@nexusglobal.org
No Fees Initiative	Initiative	Interfaith Center on Corporate Responsibility (ICCR)	Cross-Industry	North America	Recruitment	The No Fees Initiative aims to ultimately lead companies to create robust management systems which ensure that workers in their supply chains are not forced to pay for employment.	<ul> <li>Ask companies to adopt and integrate into their corporate recruitment policy the three basic principles to prevent the exploitation of migrant workers</li> </ul>	ICCR's "No Fees" Initiative Report	http://www.iccr.org/no-fees-initiative	info@iccr.org

Name	Туре	Organiser(s)	Center of Excellence	Geographical Focus	Issues Targeted	Description	Focus Areas	Public Outputs	Website	Contact
Not for Sale	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	Not For Sale is a global anti-slavery organisation which supports the development of social projects. They partner with local experts, community leaders, and business people to understand and help oradicate the root causes of slavery in a region.	Partner with scalable ventures to combat modern slaver Social intervention: provide food, shelter, education, and healthcare to people affected by modern slavery Research and development Members can apply resources and skills to ventures that work to eliminate exploitation	Annual Impact Reports	https://www.notforsalecampaign.org/	team@notforsalecampaign.org
Palma Futuro: Reducing Child Labor and Forced Labor in Palm Oil Supply Chains	Initiative	Partners of the Americas, Social Accountability International, J.E. Austin & Associates. Funded by the United States Department of Labor (USDOL)	Agriculture & Prepared Products	Latin America and the Caribbean	Forced Labour, Child Labour, Recruitment	Palms Future aims to build capacity in the Latin American palm oil industry to prevent, recognize, and remediate cases of forces labor, child labor, and other userlical employment practices, through the implementation of robust and sustainable social compliance systems.	Provide training for palm oil refineries, plantations, smallholder farmers, regulatory and audit officials, and local community groups     Study and publicize economic viability of responsibly produced Latin American palm oil on the global market	Trainings and technical assistance     Reports, guidance documents and best practices on social compliance in palm oil supply chain     Knowledge and learning network on best practices in social compliance	https://www.partners.net/palma-futuro	info@sa-intl.org
Partnership for Sustainable Textiles	Initiative	German Federal Ministry of Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ)	Apparel, Footwear & Textiles	Europe	Forced Labour	The Partnership for Sustainable Textiles is a multi-stakeholder initiative with about 150 members from the fields of economy, politics and the evil society. The Partnership aims to improve the conditions in the global textile production — from the production of raw goods for textile production to the disposal of textiles.	Working groups     Measurements for certain supply stages     Annual review process of members' status and progress	Website publications     Progress report     Plan of Action 1.0 & 2.0	https://www.textilbuendnis.com	mail@textilbuendnis.com
REACH	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	REACH provides employment opportunities to disadvantaged youth in Vietnam while also providing workforce solutions for businesses. REACH also provides job skills training to disadvantaged youth and helps them find and secure jobs.	Job-skills training and employment opportunities for survivors of trafficking	N/A	http://reach.org.vn/en-US/Index.htm	contact@reach.org.vn
Responsible and Ethical Private Sector Coalition against Trafficking	Initiative	The Global Initiative against Transnational Organized Crime, Babson College's Initiative on Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery, and the International Organization for Migration	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	The Responsible and Ethical Private Sector Coalition against Trafficking (RESPECT) serves as the platform and knowledge had that brings together and facilitates active engagement between the private sector and all other stakeholders in the fight against forced labour and human trafficking.	<ul> <li>Manage and update the resource centre         Facilitate a platform to discuss good practices and develop new initiatives moving forward         Create a feature for the business community and connect businesses with organisations combating human trafficking         Partner with and support the business community with     </li> </ul>	Industry-specific Case Studies Online Webinar Series Resource Centre which compiles all existing smit-rafficking resources for the Private Sector Interactive Map for Business of Anti-Human Trafficking Organisations Tech Against Trafficking	http://www.respect.international/	secretarial@respect.international
Responsible Business Alliance	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Recruitment, Child Labour	The Responsible Business Alliance (RBA), formerly the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition (EI/C), is a nonprofit compressed of electronics, retail, auto and toy companies committed to supporting the rights and well-ring of workers and communities workload affected by the global supply shain RBA members committ and see feld accountable to common Code of Conduct and utilize a range of RBA training and assessment tools to support continual improvement in the social, environmental and official repossibility of their supply chains.	Trafficked & forced labour Workplace well-being  Public procurement Working hours	Training Events Factory lead certification Training resources	http://www.responsiblebusiness.org/	info@responsiblebusiness.org
Responsible Cobalt Initiative	Initiative	Chinese Chamber of Commerce for Metals, Minerals & Chemicals Importers & Exporters, OECD	Petroleum, Natural Gas & Minerals	Sub-Saharan Africa, North America	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Responsible Cohall Initiative (RCI) is a famework that enables member companies to identify and address potential adverse impacts arising from their business activities and relationships. This includes calling on companies to trace how their cohal is extracted, transported, manufactured and sold. The RCI is based on the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Due Diligence Guidance on Repossible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-RCI is a companied on the Companied Companied Companies of the Companied Companied Companies of Com	N/A	N/A	https://www.firstcobalt.com/responsibili ty/responsible-cobalt-initiative/	info@firstcobalt.com
Responsible Jewelry Council	Initiative	N/A	Base Metals	Global	Forced Labor	RIC is the world's leading standard-setting organisation for the entire jewellery and watch industry.  Our members are belonjing to transform supply chains to be more responsible and sustainable — catalysing partnerships, underpinning trust in the global jewelley and watch industry and securing a future that can be teasured for generations to come.	Standards     Assurance     Auditing	Guidance     Auditing resources	https://www.responsiblejewellery.com/	training@responsiblejewellery.com
Responsible Labor Initiative	Initiative	Responsible Business Alliance (formerly EICC)	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Recruitment	The Responsible Labor Initiative (RLI) is a multi-industry, multi-stakeholder initiative focused on ensuring that the rights of workers when the lo forced below in global supply-chains are consistently respected and promoted. The RLI is open to any company that supports the mission and vision of the RLI and whose primary objective in joining the initiative is the implementation of forced blow the diligence in their supply chain.	Provide services to assist members, such as standards and compliance checklists, supply chain risk assessments data and research, and capacity building	Responsible Labor Initiative Brochure	http://www.responsiblebusiness.org/init intives/rli/	bmitchell@eiccoalition.org: RLI@responsiblebusiness.org
Responsible Minerals Initiative	Initiative	Responsible Business Alliance (formerly EICC)	Petroleum, Natural Gas & Minerals	Global	Forced Labour	The Responsible Minerals Initiative aims to provide companies with tools and resources to make sourcing decisions that improve regulatory compliance and support responsible sourcing from conflict-affected and high-risk areas.	The Responsible Minerals Assurance Process (RMAP) formerly the Conflict-Free Smelter Program (CFSP), which offers companies and their suppliers an independent, third-party sudit that determines which smelters and refiners can be validated as "conflict-free" and in line with current global standards.	Annual Responsible Minerals Initiative Conference     Conflict Minerals Reporting Template     White Papers     Guidance Documents     Audit Standards	http://www.responsiblemineralsinitiativ e.org/	RMI@ResponsibleBusiness.org
Responsible Sourcing Network	Initiative	As You Sow	Cross-Industry	Asia, Sub-Saharan Africa	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Responsible Sourcing Network (USN), a project of the computed organization "As You Sour" is deficiented to entiring learner rights almost used forcot labor associated which the now materials found in products we use every day. RSN braille responsible supply chain coalitions of diverse stakeholders involution; companies, and human rights advocates. Currently, RSN works with network participants to be reward better intruduces eit the near of conflict minerals from the Congra and forced labor in the contron fields of Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan to create positive change for brands, consumers, and the impacted communities.	I float two cutton pelages for companies and brands to age communiting to note Urbek and Thance cotton that is preduced with forced labour. When the contract Works with the Colton Campaign to be levenge influence and course major appareb brands and extailers are not sourcing cotton from Urbeksistan or Turkensistan until their governments stop exploiting unwilling citizens of the contract of the contract of the contract of the "Analyse corporate activities and manual 1502 submissions on conflict mirerals to the Securities and Exchange Commission (ISC)	The Yarn Ethically and Sustainably Sourced (YESS) due diligence assessment standard (still in development) for materials management of cotton inventories with spinning mills, which laims to prevent cotton produced with forced labour from entering the global yarn supply chain - Annual reports 'Mining the Disclosures'.	https://www.sourcingnetwork.org/	info@sourcingnetwork.org
Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil	Initiative	Aarhus United UK Ltd., Migros, Malaysian Palm Oil Association, Unilever and WWF	Agriculture & Prepared Products	Asia	Forced Labour	The Roundlable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) is a not-foe-profit that unites stakeholders from the seven sectors of the palm oil industry, banks/investors, ba	Annual Communications of Progress reports     Complaints system for grievances against members or the system	Set of environmental and social standards for producing Certified Standard Palm Oil (CSPO)     Impact reports	http://www.rspo.org/	rspo@rspo.org
Seafood Task Force	Initiative	Multi-stakeholder initiative	Cross-Industry	Thailand	Forced Labour	The Seafood Task Force (STF) is a business-led industry collaboration but to the necessity for better transpurency and oversight in seafood supely chains. Focus on addressing froce of bother through tracellyin, audia, securability and capacity building. The STF is cognized through a work programme of action plans whice fear objectives and timebound misoteness. A members are required to actively certriculus to all reads one work plans. The vorbe plans promote decent work for workers who first farm, process and produce seafood through the STF Code of Conduct, Austhale Standards and Guidance of Responsible Recruitment Related Codes - all peloding the de tire of corporate repossibilities to respect human rights.	Implementation of STF Code of Conduct, Auditing Standards and Guidance of Responsible Recruitment Costs	STF Code of Conduct     Public support for Royal Thai Government     Fishery Reform     STF Multi-stakeholder Prgress Report	https://www.scafoodtaskforce.global	secretariat@seafoodtaskforce_global
Slave Free Alliance	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	Slave-Free Alliance is a social enterprise and membership initiative launched by anti-slavery charity Hope for Justice. They work with business to help uncover and mitigate the risk of modern slavery in all its forms in business and supply chains. Slave-Free Alliance provides support and agidance to business and advocaça for victims to enable rebubblitation and restoration.	Gap analysis     Training     Advocacy & Remediation     Seminars	N/A	https://www.slavefreealliance.org/	info@slavefreealliance.org
Slave Free Trade	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Europe	Forced Labour	Slave Free Trade aims to reduce modern slavery by mobilising consumers and influencing consumer and investor choices through Slave Free Trade Product Marks (on par with Fair Trade), helping businesses to clean their supply chains.	Verification framework dedicated to eliminating slaver in business supply chains	N/A	https://slavefreetrade.org/	info@slavefreetrade.org
Social Accountability International	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Child Labour, Recruitment	Social Accountability International (SAI) is a global non-governmental organization advancing lauman rights at work. SAI envisions a world where workers, businesses, and communities thrive together. As leaders in policy and implementation, SAI works through a foresteeping or statement of the st	- Manage the SAS0000 Standard - Work with brands and retailers (through Social Fingerprist® program) - Provide pre-scheded and custom trainings on social auditing skills - Partner with NGOs and IOOs to generate systemic changes - Fevluate and provide assurance of SAS000 audit bodies and International Recruitment Integrity Standard (IRIS) and bodies and auditioned on the SAS000 audit bodies and standard or part of the SAS000 audit bodies and International Recruitment Integrity Standard (IRIS) - Provide capacity building opportunities for social auditors and audit bodies	Guidance Documents     Handbooks & Todkits     In-Brenon and Online Trainings     Reports & Phileications     Public list of SA8000 certified organizations, accredited admissible, and accredited SA8000 course providers     Newsletters	http://www.sa-intl.org/	info@sa-intl org
Social Responsibility Alliance	Initiative	Multi-stakeholder initiative	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	The Social Responsibility Alliance (SRA) is an initiative focused on providing companies with the open-source tools, resources and support they need to build sociality responsible supply chains through the collection of responsible sourcing data. The Social Responsibility Alliance seeks to provide trusted, open-source tools that facilitate the collection of complete responsible sourcing data from supply chains.	Support companies in building socially responsible supply chains	The Slavery & Trafficking Risk Template (STRT)     Open-source tools and resources	https://www.socialresponsibilityalliance .org/	info@sraglobal.org
Stop the Traffik	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation, Organ Removal	Stop the Traffik nime to disrupt human trafficking networks at their source via the use of intelligence-led prevention and targeter action. They work with global and local partners to build a rich picture of the trends, hotopots, routes and networks of human trafficking on a global scale.	Intelligence-led prevention of human trafficking Global Blanket Campaign No Room for Trafficking Campaign No Room for Trafficking Campaign Nowareanes Courses Business risk analysis Build resilience	Intelligence reports Awareness campaigns Community resilience building Bespoke training Supply chain risk mapping Policy implementation reviews Modem slavery statement review The STOP APP	https://www.stopthetraffik.org/	info@stopthetraffik.org

Name	Туре	Organiser(s)	Center of Excellence	Geographical Focus	Issues Targeted	Description	Focus Areas	Public Outputs	Website	Contact
Stronger Together	NGO/NPO	NA	Cross-Industry	Giobal	Forced Labour	Stronger Together is a business led multi-stukeholder collaborative initiative supporting organisations to tackle modern slavery within their businesses and supply chains.	N/A	Industry focused in person training on detecting, deterring and dealing with modern always in bostnesses and global supply chains in the second of the second supply chains and the second supply chains. The second supply chains in the second supply chains, including tool tools, template of policies, rein always in their basinesses and global supply chains, including toolkis, templates of policies, rein assessments and contracts, posters and leaflets in multiple languages tragering rates are successes.  Strengthenism in the second supplementation on tacking and calls with our member organisations, which under a more produced in the second contraction continuation and the second supplementation of the second contraction companies in our construction companies in our construction or programme  1 Free to use online tools for business to measure their progress in tacking modern sheevy and their progress in tacking modern sheevy and before the progress of the second of the progress of progress of persons of the progress of the pr	http://htternger?aether.orm/	infoliatoment2sether.org
Sustainable Apparel Coalition	Initiative	Walmart and Patagonia	Apparel, Footwear & Textiles	North America	Forced Labour	The Sustainable Apparel Codition is an alliance for sustainable production in the apparel, footwear and home textile industry. The coatitor's rami foots is on building the Higg index, a standardized supply chain measurement tool for all industry participants to understand the environmental adsocial and bears impacts of making and selling their products and services. By measuring sustainability performance, the industry on address inefficiencies, resolve dramaging practices, and achieve the environmental and social tempercy that consumes document.	Annual meeting to network and improve the Higg Index	Higg Index which measures a company's environmental, social, and labour impacts	http://apparelcoalition.org/the-coalition/	info@apparelcoalition.org
Tech Against Trafficking	Initiative	Tech companies (Amazon, AT&T, BT, Microsoft, Nokia, Salesfore), Business for Social Responsibility (BSR) and RESPECT organisations (the Global Initiative against Transnational Organized Crime, Babono College's Initiative on Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery, and the International Organization for Migration)	Electronics	Giobal	Child Labour, Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	Tech Against Trafficking (TAT) is a coalition of technology companies collaborating with global experts to help eradicate human trafficking using technology.	Knowledge Sharing Build a coalition of tech and anti- davery experts to share research, best practices, and guadance.  Research Analyze how technology is preventing and disrupting crimes and empowering survivors. Identify opportunities for greater impact and build an evidence of the contract of the contract of the contract of the T-chandage's Soltines. Innovate and collaborate to develop tech applications to combart human trafficking.	Progress Reports.     Landscape mapping of tech tools developed to counter trafficking	https://www.bsr.org/en/collaboration/gr oups/tech-against-trafficking	https://www.bsr.org/en/helle/tech-against- trafficking
Thailand Counter Trafficking in Persons Program	Initiative	Winrock International, BBC Media Action, Liberty Asia, Resonance, World Vision and USAID	Cross-Industry	Asia	Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The USAID-funded Thailand Counter Trafficking in Penons (USAID Thailand CTIP) initiative aims to reduce TIP and better protect the rights of trafficked persons in Thailand by reducing demand and incentives for using trafficked labor, empowering at-risk populations to safeguard their rights, and strengthening protection systems for survivors.	Improve ethical standards and practices of employers and businesses to prevent exploitation and reduce human trafficking in worklesse and supply-chains! Improve consumer attitudes and swareness of trafficked labor in goods and swareness of trafficked labor in goods and swareness of trafficked labor in goods and swareness of trafficked place of the swareness of trafficked place in the swareness of trafficked place i	N/A	https://www.winrock.ors/project/ctip- asia/	AsiaCTIP@winnock.org
The Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime	Initiative	Co-chaired by Governments of Indonesia and Australia	Cross-Industry	Asia, Oceania	Forced Labour	The Bali Process on People Senggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transmitional Crime (Bali Process) is a regional forum for source, transit and destination countries to discuss their respective roles and responsibilities in addressing people consisting of more than 48 members to address trafficking challenges in the Asia-Pacific Region. The Bali Process has a Working Group on Trafficking in Persons which aims to persons more effective and coordinated law and justice responses to combat trafficking in persons in the Asia-Pacific area.	• Working Group on Trafficking Persons shares information, best practices and emerging discussions, information sharing, emerging treads and opportunities for international cooperation and capacity building in responding to trafficking in persons. • Régoinal Support Office reduces irregular migration and strengthen refugee protection under the Regional Cooperation Framework initiative	Bali Process Government and Business Forum event     Regional Support Office Resources	http://www.baliprocess.net/	info@rso.baliprocess.net
The Consumer Goods Forum	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	The Consumer Goods Forum's Social Statisnability initiative aims to achieve docest working conditions and sustainable supply chains across the consumer goods industry and world-wide. To accomplish this aim, they set voluntary industry commitments such as a resolution on the enalication of fireced labour and provide guidance to key actors on sustainable supply chain practices through our Sustainable Supply Chain Initiative and Reference Tools.	- Multi-sectorial stakeholder engagement - Government outreach - Forced labour in palm oil supply chains - Forced labour in seafood supply chains - Sustainable Supply Chain Initiative	Research reports Industry guidance Industry-specific case studies Online webinar series Online resources library which compiles forced labour resources for the industry Events: Regional supplier events, roundtables & conferences	https://www.theconsumergoodsforum.c	social@theconsumergoodsforum.com
The Market Project	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The Market Project employs and trains men and women who have experienced complex trauma and trafficking to start, run, and work in businesses.	Employment of trafficking survivors	N/A	https://marketproject.org	info@marketproject.org
The Mekong Club	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Asia	Forced Labour	The Mckong Club aims to end modern slavery in Asia through collaborating with the private sector to endicate slavery from their business. Mckong Club organises working groups in four specific industrice financial services, apparel & footwear, hospitality providers and retailers.	Industry working groups An information and resource center for members, which includes assistance for complying with existing and upcoming legislation Events and workshops on relevant business topics	Annual deliverable     Website publications	http://themekongclub.org/	info@themekongelub.org
Tracr	Initiative	De Beers	Petroleum, Natural Gas & Minerals	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Trace is a diamond blockchain initiative conceived by De Beers in 2017 as a comprehensive mine-to-eastomer traceability solution for the entire diamond industry. They are engaging with key industry stakeholders, including other diamond protect, industry trade associations, graders, governments, logistics providers, retailers and banks, to develop the best governments estup for the platform.	N/A	Blockchain traceability platform	https://www.tracr.com	media@project-tracr.com
Trust Conference	Initiative	Thomson Reuters Foundation	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour	Trust Conference is committed to finding real solutions to fight slavery, empower women, and advance human rights worldwide. The annual event converses global corporations, however, government representatives, and pioneers at the forefront of the fight from human rights.	Stop Slavery Award	Annual conference featuring speakers, plenary sessions about human trafficking and women's empowerment, and proposed solutions	http://www.trustconference.com/	foundation@tr.com
Unseen UK	NGO/NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Europe	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation, Recruitment, Organ Removal	Unseen works with businesses to help them tackle slavery in their supply chains and business practices, through training, resources, specialist advice and consultancy. It equips healthcare workers, the police and foruline agencies to recognise slavery and take action against it, each to influence personments and sective to inspire chains in legislation, policy and consumer choices, offers safe housing and outerach services for survivox, and man the UKs Modern Slavery Helpline (www.modernalinery.helpline.org).	<ul> <li>Sabory is supply claims</li> <li>Training for bossuess, footline professionals and others</li> <li>Independent 247 Modern Slavey Helpline available in over 80 Imaguages — with business hab</li> <li>Fleperts and data bed analysis</li> <li>Anni Silvery Partnerships</li> <li>Anni Silvery Partnerships</li> <li>Campaigning and sweeness raising especially around communic professional pro</li></ul>	Reports  *Statistical data of Helpline calls informing picture of slavery in the UK  *Modern Slavery Helpline App	http://www.unscenuk.org/	Admin@unseernsk.org
USAID Asia Counter Trafficking in Persons Program	Initiative	USAID, Winrock International	Cross-Industry	Asia	Child Labour, Forced Labour, Recruitment, Sexual Exploitation	The USAID-funded Asia CTIP program focuses on transmational and regional challenges to combut trafficking in persons (TIP) with activities intended its: strengthen ineming around TIP; improve coordination and cooperation between source, transil and destination countries, and reduce incentives for trafficking in persons through private sector engagement.	Facilitate targeted shared value partnerships to reduce TIP in priority sectors (construction, agriculture, and downstic work)     Support expanded use of existing and test new approaches to worken' rights monitoring and access to information and services     Increased opportunities for private sector leadership	N/A	https://www.winrock.org/project/ctip- asia/	AsiaCTIP@winrock.org
USAID Cambodia Counter Trafficking in Persons Program	Initiative	Winrock International, Open Institute, USAID	Cross-Industry	Asia	Recruitment, Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	The USAID-funded Cambodia CTIP program is targeting 100 communes in 9 province of Cambodia by addressing the root causes of human trafficking, stronghening the safety-nets that protect survivors, bailding the epacity of the government to prevent, monitor and prosecute trafficking, and leveraging private sector actors to advance counter-trafficking efforts.	Disseminate sale migration information     Provide skills trainings to at-risk people     Soft skills training to increase chances of employment     Provide irelabod support and sample business grants     Operate a job platform for low-skilled workers to seek     employment within Cambodia	Bong Pheak social media platform which allows vetted local employers to advertise for low-skilled or unskilled positions. This increases access to safe employment opportunities in vulnerable communities, reducing the risk of unsafe migration.	https://www.winrock.org/project/using- the-power-of-information-to-fight- human-trafficking-in-cambodia/	spiazzano@winrock.org

Name		Organiser(s)	Center of Excellence	Geographical Focus		Description		Public Outputs	Website	
USAID Supply Unchained	Initiative	USAID	Agriculture & Prepared Products	Asia	Forced Labour	USAID Supply Unchained is a private partnership which aims to identify and combat human trafficking in the fishing industry.	<ul> <li>Identify human trafficking risks in order to prevent new case</li> </ul>	N/A	https://partnerships.usaid.gov/partnershi p/supply-unchained-initiative	DIAglobalscale@usaid.gov
Verité	NGO / NPO	N/A	Cross-Industry	Global	Child Labour, Forced Labour	Verité aims to provides the knowledge and tools to eliminate the most serious labor and human rights abuses in global supply chains.	consulting, and training services to address illegal labour	Labour Commodity Atlas, My Labour Matters, Help Wanted Toolkit and Knowledge Portal • Research reports	http://www.verite.org/	verite@verite.org
Walk Free	Initiative	The Minderoo Foundation	Cross-Industry	Global	Forced Labour, Sexual Exploitation	Walk Free produces world-leading research on modern slavery through the Global Slavery Index. The Index can be used to help basinesses identify modern slavery risk within their supply claim, including by 1) Undextsanding the issue, 2) Mapping your risk profile, 3) Undextsanding the legal frameworks of sourcing countries.	Analysis of the actions government are taking to respond     Assessment of finites that make a soule valence between	Global Slavery Index 2018 report Global Slavery Index 2018 dataset Country data interactive map including breakdown of government responses Regional reports	https://www.minderoo.com.au/walk- free/	info@walkfreefoundation.org