The repeal of the consumptive demand clause will promote the following benefits:

- Enhanced ability for CBP to prevent products made by forced labor (i.e., slave, convict, indentured, or forced or indentured child labor,) from being imported into the United States
- Leveled playing field for U.S industry through a fair environment in which American manufacturers do not compete with foreign manufacturers or U.S. importers benefiting from the use of forced labor
- Increased ability to safeguard human rights and improve labor standards in the global supply chain through CBP's enhanced authority to address violations and prevent future abuses from forced labor
- Expedited review; after CBP determines that sufficient information has been provided to warrant a withhold release order (WRO), consumptive demand considerations will no longer hinder issuance of the order

CBP Next Steps:

- Amend the regulations at 19 CFR § 12.42(b), which require certain information pertaining to consumptive demand, in order to comport with the updated law
- Continue to collaborate with U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement and other agencies to vigorously enforce U.S. trade laws