U.S. Customs and Border Protection

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

19 CFR PART 12
CBP DEC. 19-03
RIN 1515-AE45

EXTENSION OF IMPORT RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED ON ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECCLESIASTICAL ETHNOLOGICAL MATERIAL FROM HONDURAS

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security; Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) regulations to reflect an extension of import restrictions on certain archaeological and ecclesiastical ethnological material from Honduras. The restrictions, which were originally imposed by CBP Dec. 04–08 and last extended by CBP Dec. 14–03, are due to expire March 12, 2019. The Assistant Secretary for Educational and Cultural Affairs, United States Department of State, has made the requisite determination for extending the import restrictions that previously existed and entering into a new Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Honduras to reflect the extension of these import restrictions. The new MOU supersedes the existing agreement that became effective on March 12, 2014. Accordingly, these import restrictions will remain in effect for an additional five years, and the CBP regulations are being amended to reflect this further extension through March 12, 2024. CBP Dec. 14–03 contains the amended Designated List of archaeological and ecclesiastical ethnological material from Honduras to which the restrictions apply.

DATES: Effective Date: March 12, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For legal aspects, Lisa L. Burley, Branch Chief, Cargo Security, Carriers and Restricted Merchandise Branch, Regulations and Rulings, Office of
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Pursuant to the Convention on Cultural Property Implementation Act, Public Law 97–446, 19 U.S.C. 2601 et seq., which implements the 1970 United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property (823 U.N.T.S. 231 (1972)), the United States entered into a bilateral agreement with the Republic of Honduras (Honduras) on March 12, 2004, concerning the imposition of import restrictions on certain archaeological material representing the Pre-Columbian cultures of Honduras and ranging in date from approximately 1200 B.C. to 1500 A.D. On March 16, 2004, U.S. Customs and Border Protection published CBP Dec. 04–08 in the Federal Register (69 FR 12267), which amended 19 CFR 12.104g(a) to reflect the imposition of these restrictions and included a list designating the types of archaeological material covered by the restrictions.

Import restrictions listed at 19 CFR 12.104g(a) are effective for no more than five years beginning on the date on which the agreement enters into force with respect to the United States. This period may be extended for additional periods of not more than five years if it is determined that the factors which justified the initial agreement still pertain and no cause for suspension of the agreement exists.

On March 11, 2009, CBP published a final rule (CBP Dec. 09–05) in the Federal Register (74 FR 10482), which amended § 12.104g(a) to reflect the extension of these import restrictions for an additional five years, to March 12, 2014.

On September 24, 2013, the United States Department of State proposed in the Federal Register (78 FR 58596) to extend the agreement through a bilateral agreement between the United States and Honduras concerning the imposition of import restrictions on archaeological material from the pre-Columbian cultures of Honduras. On February 11, 2014, the Assistant Secretary for Educational and Cultural Affairs, United States Department of State, made the necessary determinations to extend the import restrictions for an additional five years. Additionally, pursuant to his statutory and decision-making authority, the Assistant Secretary for Educational and Cultural Affairs, United States Department of State, included
the coverage of certain ecclesiastical ethnological material to the Designated List. On March 12, 2014, CBP published a final rule (CBP Dec. 14–03) in the Federal Register (79 FR 13873). This final rule amended § 12.104g(a) to reflect the extension of these import restrictions for an additional five years and added restrictions on ecclesiastical ethnological material dating to the Colonial Period of Honduras, c. A.D. 1502 to 1821. The amended Designated List of archaeological and ecclesiastical ethnological material is set forth in CBP Dec. 14–03. These import restrictions are due to expire on March 12, 2019.

On December 14, 2018, the Assistant Secretary for Educational and Cultural Affairs, United States Department of State, after consultation with and recommendations by the Cultural Property Advisory Committee, determined that the cultural heritage of Honduras continues to be in jeopardy from pillage of certain archaeological and ecclesiastical ethnological material and that the import restrictions should be extended for an additional five years. Subsequently, a new MOU was concluded between the United States and Honduras. The new MOU supersedes and replaces the prior MOU and extends the import restrictions that went into effect under the prior MOU for an additional five years. This MOU is titled: “Memorandum of Understanding between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Republic of Honduras Concerning the Impostion of Import Restrictions on Archaeological Material from the Pre-Columbian Cultures of Honduras and Ecclesiastical Ethnological Materials from the Colonial Period of Honduras.” Accordingly, CBP is amending 19 CFR 12.104g(a) to reflect the extension of the import restrictions.

The restrictions on the importation of archaeological and ecclesiastical ethnological material are to continue in effect through March 12, 2024. Importation of such material from Honduras continues to be restricted through that date unless the conditions set forth in 19 U.S.C. 2606 and 19 CFR 12.104c are met.

The Designated List and additional information may also be found at the following website address: https://eca.state.gov/cultural-heritage-center/cultural-property-advisory-committee/current-import-restrictions by selecting the material for “Honduras.”

**Inapplicability of Notice and Delayed Effective Date**

This amendment involves a foreign affairs function of the United States and is, therefore, being made without notice or public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1). For the same reason, a delayed effective date is not required under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3).
Regulatory Flexibility Act

Because no notice of proposed rulemaking is required, the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) do not apply.

Executive Orders 12866 and 13771

CBP has determined that this document is not a regulation or rule subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12866 or Executive Order 13771 because it pertains to a foreign affairs function of the United States, as described above, and therefore is specifically exempted by section 3(d)(2) of Executive Order 12866 and section 4(a) of Executive Order 13771.

Signing Authority

This regulation is being issued in accordance with 19 CFR 0.1(a)(1), pertaining to the Secretary of the Treasury’s authority (or that of his/her delegate) to approve regulations related to customs revenue functions.

List of Subjects in 19 CFR Part 12

Cultural property, Customs duties and inspection, Imports, Prohibited merchandise.

Amendment to CBP Regulations

For the reasons set forth above, part 12 of title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations (19 CFR part 12) is amended as set forth below:

PART 12—SPECIAL CLASSES OF MERCHANDISE

1. The general authority citation for part 12 and the specific authority citation for § 12.104g continue to read as follows:

   Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 19 U.S.C. 66, 1202 (General Note 3(i), Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS)), 1624;
   *       *       *       *       *

   Sections 12.104 through 12.104i also issued under 19 U.S.C. 2612;
   *       *       *       *       *

2. In § 12.104g, the table in paragraph (a) is amended by removing the words “CBP Dec. 04–08 extended by CBP Dec. 14–03” and adding in their place the words “CBP Dec. 14–03 extended by CBP Dec. 19–03”.
ANNOUNCING THE RE-OPENING OF THE PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD FOR 21ST CENTURY CUSTOMS FRAMEWORK

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

ACTION: Re-opening of comment period.

SUMMARY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is announcing the re-opening of the public comment period on the six key themes identified by “The 21st Century Customs Framework” initiative.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before April 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES:
Submission of comments: To facilitate public participation, we are inviting public comment on the six themes described below. Comments must be submitted in writing no later than April 11, 2019, must be identified by Docket No. USCBP–2018–0045, and may be submitted by one (1) of the following methods:
• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
• Mail: Mr. Brandon Lord, Office of Trade, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 950N, Washington, DC 20229.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the words “Department of Homeland Security” and the docket number (USCBP–2018–0045) for this action. Please do not submit personal information to the Federal eRulemaking portal.

Docket: For access to the docket or to read background documents or comments, go to http://www.regulations.gov and search for Docket Number USCBP–2018–0045.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Brandon Lord, Office of Trade, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 950N, Washington, DC 20229; telephone (202) 325–6432 or email 21CCF@cbp.dhs.gov.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Extension of Comment Period

On December 21, 2018, CBP published a notice in the Federal Register (83 FR 65703) announcing “The 21st Century Customs Framework” initiative and public meeting. This document announces that the public comment period that previously closed on February 4, 2019, will be re-opened for a period of 30 days. To allow for the submission of comments following the March 1, 2019 public meeting, and to maximize public participation and input on the key themes described below, CBP has decided to allow additional time for the public to submit comments. Accordingly, the comment period is re-opened until April 11, 2019, and comments must be received by CBP on or before that date.

21st Century Customs Framework Initiative Overview

CBP is cognizant of the need to stay modern in order to meet the challenges of an evolving trade landscape. New actors, industries, and modes of conducting business have emerged, disrupting the traditional global supply chain. To continue to effectively fulfill CBP’s mission, CBP is pursuing an initiative titled “The 21st Century Customs Framework.” “The 21st Century Customs Framework” will seek to address and enhance numerous aspects of CBP’s trade mission to better position the agency to operate in the 21st century trade environment.

Through preliminary efforts, CBP has identified key themes for which CBP seeks public input: (1) Emerging Roles in the Global Supply Chain; (2) Intelligent Enforcement; (3) Cutting-Edge Technology; (4) Data Access and Sharing; (5) 21st Century Processes; and (6) Self-Funded Customs Infrastructure. Brief descriptions of each theme are provided below along with the request for public comments on questions posed by CBP related to each theme.

(1) Emerging Roles in the Global Supply Chain

Due to technological advances and new modes of conducting business, the modern international trade environment is marked by emerging actors and dynamic supply chains. CBP’s traditional legal frameworks were developed to primarily reflect containerized shipments and the supply chain to support such shipments, as opposed to small packages and business models built around e-commerce. CBP is seeking to ensure that all parties in the modern supply chain are aware of their responsibilities to promote safety and compliance, while still enabling legitimate trade and economic prosperity.
Public Comment Questions

• What new roles in the global supply chain are unaccounted for in CBP’s current legal framework? How should the agency account for these roles?
  • How can CBP work with e-commerce platforms and carriers to identify and deter illicit shipments?
  • How can new actors in the global supply chain work with CBP to improve trade security?

(2) Intelligent Enforcement

CBP’s efforts on intelligent enforcement are anchored on further improving risk management and the impact of efforts to detect high-risk activity, deter non-compliance and disrupt fraudulent behavior—all in the interest of enforcing U.S. trade laws to protect America’s economic security. CBP’s intelligent enforcement efforts include exploring how to better utilize technology, big data, and predictive analytics to drive decision-making.

Public Comment Questions

• What technologies are useful in predicting violative activities and an entity's potential for violations?
  • What tools or sources of information regarding CBP’s compliance requirements have you found the most useful? What other resources can CBP provide to ensure that trade stakeholders understand CBP requirements?
  • How can CBP improve violation referral systems and allegation processing?

(3) Cutting-Edge Technology

One of the defining features of the modern trade environment is the rapid emergence of new technology. CBP is exploring the use of new technologies to improve trade facilitation and trade enforcement activities.

Public Comment Questions

• What emerging technologies are most important for CBP to monitor or adopt?
  • What technologies are being adopted by the private sector that are incompatible with CBP’s current legal or policy frameworks?
  • What technologies on the horizon have the potential to be a disruptive force (enabling or challenging) within the trade ecosystem?

(4) Data Access and Sharing

The volume and types of data and the speed at which the data can be transmitted create a valuable opportunity for CBP and trade
stakeholders. CBP is examining how more efficient data sharing can improve trade facilitation and trade enforcement. At the same time, CBP is looking at ways to reduce the duplication or unnecessary capture of data.

Public Comment Questions

- What data would you like CBP to share with importers, and vice versa, to improve trade facilitation and enforcement?
- How can CBP’s overall data sharing with trade stakeholders be improved?

(5) 21st Century Trade Processes

CBP will be refining certain import processes to reflect the modern trade environment, improve the experience of importers, brokers, and other important actors in the supply chain, and increase overall efficiency. CBP is placing a focus on processes that may be overly burdensome or outdated.

Public Comment Questions

- What specific import procedures or requirements can be improved or refined, and how?
- What are some international best practices (i.e., processes used by other customs agencies) that CBP should examine?

(6) Self-Funded Customs Infrastructure

New requirements affecting CBP, Partner Government Agencies (PGA), and trade industry will necessitate updates to the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) outside of reoccurring maintenance. CBP is examining avenues to ensure that the ACE has a consistent stream of funding for enhancements and new functionalities.

Public Comment Questions

- Outside of the annual Congressional appropriations cycle, what mechanisms should CBP explore for consistent and timely funding for ACE enhancements?
- How could the fee collection process be streamlined, improved, or redesigned to more directly fund ACE enhancements?

Dated: March 6, 2019.

CYNTHIA F. WHITTENBURG,
Deputy Executive Assistant Commissioner,
Office of Trade.

[Published in the Federal Register, March 12, 2019 (84 FR 8884)]
AGENCY INFORMATION COLLECTION ACTIVITIES:

User Fees


ACTION: 60-Day Notice and request for comments; extension of an existing collection of information.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). The information collection is published in the Federal Register to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and must be submitted no later than May 10, 2019 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice must include the OMB Control Number 1651–0052 in the subject line and the agency name. To avoid duplicate submissions, please use only one of the following methods to submit comments:

(1) Email. Submit comments to: CBP_PRA@cbp.dhs.gov.

(2) Mail. Submit written comments to CBP Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Trade, Regulations and Rulings, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, 90 K Street NE, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20229–1177.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional PRA information should be directed to Seth Renkema, Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Trade, Regulations and Rulings, 90 K Street NE, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20229–1177, Telephone number (202) 325–0056 or via email CBP_PRA@cbp.dhs.gov. Please note that the contact information provided here is solely for questions regarding this notice. Individuals seeking information about other CBP programs should contact the CBP National Customer Service Center at 877–227–5511, (TTY) 1–800–877–8339, or CBP website at https://www.cbp.gov/.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: CBP invites the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on the proposed and/or continuing information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.8. Written comments and suggestions
from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of
the following four points: (1) Whether the proposed collection of in-
formation is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of
the agency, including whether the information will have practical
utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the
proposed collection of information, including the validity of the meth-
odology and assumptions used; (3) suggestions to enhance the quality,
utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) sugges-
tions to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those
who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate auto-
mated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection tech-
niques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting elec-
tronic submission of responses. The comments that are submitted
will be summarized and included in the request for approval. All
comments will become a matter of public record.

Overview of This Information Collection

**Title:** User Fees.

**OMB Number:** 1651–0052.

**Form Number:** CBP Forms 339A, 339C and 339V.

**Current Actions:** This submission is being made to extend the
expiration date with no change to the burden hours or to the
information collected.

**Type of Review:** Extension (without change).

**Affected Public:** Carriers.

**Abstract:** The Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
of 1985 (COBRA–PL 99–272; 19 U.S.C. 58c) authorizes the
collection of user fees by U.S. Customs and Border Protection
(CBP). The collection of these fees requires submission of
information from the party remitting the fees to CBP. This
information is submitted on three forms including the CBP Form
339A for aircraft, CBP Form 339C for commercial vehicles, and
CBP Form 339V for vessels. These forms can be found at:

The information on these forms may also be filed electronically at:
https://dtops.cbp.dhs.gov/. This collection of information is provided
for by 19 CFR 24.22.

In addition, CBP requires express consignment carrier facilities
(ECCFs) to file lists of carriers or operators using the facility in
accordance with 19 CFR 128.11. In cases of overpayments, carriers
using the ECCFs may send a request to CBP for a refund in accor-
dance with 19 CFR 24.23 (b). This request must specify the grounds
for the refund. ECCFs are also required to file a quarterly report in accordance with 19 CFR 24.23(b)(4).

**CBP Form 339A—Aircraft**

- **Estimated Number of Respondents:** 15,000.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 1.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 15,000.
- **Estimated Time per Response:** 16 minutes.
- **Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 4,000.

**CBP Form 339C—Vehicles**

- **Estimated Number of Respondents:** 90,000.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 1.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 90,000.
- **Estimated Time per Response:** 20 minutes.
- **Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 29,997.

**CBP Form 339V—Vessels**

- **Estimated Number of Respondents:** 10,000.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 1.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 10,000.
- **Estimated Time per Response:** 16 minutes.
- **Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 2,667.

**ECCF Quarterly Report**

- **Estimated Number of Respondents:** 18.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 4.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 72.
- **Estimated Time per Response:** 2 hours.
- **Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 144.

**ECCF Application and List of Couriers**

- **Estimated Number of Respondents:** 3.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 4.
- **Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 12.
- **Estimated Time per Response:** 30 minutes.
- **Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 6.
Dated: February 27, 2019.

SETH D RENKEMA,
Branch Chief,
Economic Impact Analysis Branch,
U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

[Published in the Federal Register, March 11, 2019 (84 FR 8734)]

AGENCY INFORMATION COLLECTION ACTIVITIES:
Cargo Container and Road Vehicle Certification for Transport Under Customs Seal


ACTION: 60-Day notice and request for comments; extension of an existing collection of information.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). The information collection is published in the Federal Register to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and must be submitted (no later than May 10, 2019) to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice must include the OMB Control Number 1651–0124 in the subject line and the agency name. To avoid duplicate submissions, please use only one of the following methods to submit comments:

(1) Email. Submit comments to: CBP_PRA@cbp.dhs.gov.

(2) Mail. Submit written comments to CBP Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Trade, Regulations and Rulings, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, 90 K Street NE, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20229–1177.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional PRA information should be directed to Seth Renkema, Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Trade, Regulations and Rulings, 90 K Street NE, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20229–1177, Telephone number 202–325–0056 or via email CBP_PRA@cbp.dhs.gov. Please note that the contact information provided here is solely for questions regard-
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: CBP invites the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on the proposed and/or continuing information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.8. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of the following four points: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) suggestions to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) suggestions to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses. The comments that are submitted will be summarized and included in the request for approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Overview of This Information Collection

Title: Cargo Container and Road Vehicle for Transport under Customs Seal.

OMB Number: 1651–0124.

Action: CBP proposes to extend the expiration date of this information collection with no change to the burden hours or to the information collected.

Type of Review: Extension (without change).

Affected Public: Businesses.

Abstract: The United States is a signatory to several international Customs conventions and is responsible for specifying the technical requirements that containers and road vehicles must meet to be acceptable for transport under Customs seal. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) has the responsibility of collecting information for the purpose of certifying containers and vehicles for international transport under Customs seal. A certification of compliance facilitates the movement of containers and road vehicles across interna-
tional territories. The procedures for obtaining a certification of a container or vehicle are set forth in 19 CFR part 115.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 25.

**Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 120.

**Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses:** 3,000.

**Estimated Time per Response:** 3.5 hours.

**Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 10,500.

Dated: February 27, 2019.

Seth D. Renkema,
Branch Chief,
Economic Impact Analysis Branch,
U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

[Published in the Federal Register, March 11, 2019 (84 FR 8734)]